# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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# FIRST EDITION.

## NEW YORK.

**Particulars of the Sinking of the Steamer St. Louis—Strikers Arrested—Second Trial of Stokes—Funeral of George P. Putnam—Proceedings in the Greeley Will Case Postponed.**

NEW YORK, December 23, 1872.

PARTICULARS OF THE SINKING OF THE STEAMER ST. LOUIS.

Capt. Whitehead and the crew and passengers of the steamship St. Louis, which recently foundered off New Orleans, arrived here yesterday on the steamer George Cromwell. The St. Louis, shortly after leaving New Orleans, struck on the sunken steamer Gen. Grant, but no leak was then discovered. Shortly after a leak was found in the after compartment, which increased so rapidly that the ship was abandoned, all hands taking to the life boats, in which they remained two days and nights, when they were picked up by the ship Record and taken to Key West. The St. Louis was formerly the British steamer Karnak, but at the time of the disaster she was owned by Cromwell's New Orleans line.

TRIAL OF STOKES.

The opening of the second Stokes trial to-day was similar to the former one. Judge Fullerton delivered an address for the prosecution, reciting the circumstances of the shooting.

Judge Fullerton, in concluding his address, drew attention to the lawlessness of the times, and said the question now prominent in the community was, whether criminals should be arrested; when arrested, whether they shall be tried, and a stop put to this bloodshed, and had men regard the law punishing murder with death as "played out." If this state of things is permitted, we shall soon be in a state of anarchy.

Patrick Hart, Thomas Hart and John T. Redman, the ball boys at the Grand Central, presented the evidence given at the first trial. Adjourned.

FUNERAL OF GEORGE P. PUTNAM.

The funeral of the late George P. Putnam took place this morning from Madison Avenue church, Thirty-first street. The ceremonies, which were of the most simple kind, were conducted by Rev. Dr. Elder, pastor, and the funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Anderson. The floral display was beautiful. A great number of artists, literary men and members of publishing firms attended the services in the church. The following officiated as pall-bearers: Wm. Cullen Bryant, John Taylor Johnston, Daniel Huntingdon, John Wiley, John T. Sargent, Cyrus Colgate, Charles O'Conor, Henry Holt, Andrew C. Armstrong, A. D. N. Randolph, Richard Butler and Sanford B. Gifford. The remains were conveyed to Woodlawn Cemetery for interment.

THE GREELEY WILL CASE.

Further proceedings in the Greeley will case at White Plains have, by general consent, been postponed till January 18th, before which time the counsel retained by a number of gentlemen of this city in the interest of the Misses Greeley expect to effect an adjustment with the managers of the Children's Aid Society, who appear to be the only contestants of the will.

STRIKERS ARRESTED.

Two of the striking silk weavers at Paterson are under arrest for threatening a workman who continued work until his life was jeopardized. The majority are still on a strike, and, as a consequence, a large number of poor women and young girls have been discharged, whose branch of work depends upon the men.

ARRAIGNED FOR PERJURY.

James E. Maxwell, arrested on a suit of Luther C. Challis, was to-day arraigned in the Court of General Sessions on an indictment for perjury. The case goes over till the January term.

LICENSING DRIVERS OF PUBLIC VEHICLES.

A proposition was made in the Board of Aldermen that every street car conductor and driver and stage and coach driver must be licensed and wear a badge bearing the number of his license.

JUDGMENT AFFIRMED.

Judge Woodruff affirmed the judgment of the United States District Court against Lilenthal & Co., for $104,000 for the violation of the internal revenue laws regulating tobacconists.

THE WRONG PERSON.

Pierre Berten, whose extradition was sought on allegations that he committed murder at Bremen, was discharged yesterday, proving to be the wrong person.

OBITUARY.

George Cottes, the celebrated American Indian painter and traveler, died this morning in Jersey City, aged seventy-eight.

CHURCH LIBERALITY.

Ten different churches in Brooklyn yesterday tendered the use of their edifices to Talmadge's burned out society.

GOULD TRANSFERRING REAL ESTATE.

The transfer of real estate by Jay Gould to the Erie Company is still progressing, and is likely to last the whole week.

CORRECTION.

It is untrue that A. T. Stewart broke his leg or suffered any accident, as reported.

IRISH-ANDERSON POISONING CASE.

The counsel for the accused occupied the entire day in the Irish-Anderson poisoning case.

## COLUMBUS.

**Annual Report of the Ohio Commissioner of Railroads.**

COLUMBUS, O., December 23.—The advance sheets of the annual report of the Ohio Commissioner of Railroads shows the following statistics for the year ending June 30, 1872: The total capital stock of the entire lines running through or into Ohio is $219,161,127; capital stock of that part of the roads in Ohio $122,721,526. Total funded debt of the entire lines $217,171,755; the proportion for Ohio is $120,222,072. Floating debt of the entire lines $10,738,179; proportion for Ohio $5,945,700. Total length of lines and branches 7,048 miles; of this amount 3,707 miles are in Ohio. Total cost of railroads for construction and equipment $358,113,492; that portion of the lines in Ohio cost $206,313,365. Earnings for all lines in the past year $68,603,078; of this sum the proportion of the earnings in Ohio was $34,257,792. Total operating expense for the entire lines $45,034,708; Ohio's proportion $23,502,739. Total net earnings $20,564,369; total proportion for Ohio $10,755,060. Total number of passengers carried in the past year 12,068,832; total freight carried 20,983,068 tons; interest paid on bonds $9,724,359; total dividends paid $7,554,032. One hundred and ninety-two persons were killed by the railroads in Ohio last year, and three hundred and fifty-eight were injured. 1,926 animals were killed, for which damage to the amount of $45,773 were paid. Total number of persons employed on the railroad in Ohio, 25,393. During the past year 375 miles of road, including sidings, were built.

## THE WEATHER.

**Snow Blockade in Michigan.**

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., December 23.—The situation on the railroads to-night is the same as yesterday. All the roads cleared out yesterday have been filled up again by the wind. It has snowed three days continuously, accompanied by a high wind, and exceeds any ever known in this part of the State. The main difficulty is now between Calumet and Bridgeman, a distance of twenty-three miles. The drifts are from three to ten feet. Another bad place is between Pentwater and Montague, where a large gang of men has been at work all day shoveling snow ahead of an engine. The engine at one time getting out of water in the drift, snow was shoveled into the tank and melted by steam.

All trains are cancelled for to-night, but if the storm abates by morning, the road will be cleared by Wednesday morning. A large number of passengers are delayed here by the storm. Edmund Yates is among the number. The thermometer has been below twenty degrees, and it is feared that the fruit crop of all kinds is ruined.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, December 23.—The weather to-night is colder than on Saturday. The thermometer on the signal service observatory at 11 P. M. was thirteen degrees below zero, and ordinary thermometers around the city mark twenty and twenty-two.

## ARKANSAS.

**A Laborer Murdered—A Political Muddle in Prospect.**

LITTLE ROCK, December 23.—Jim Massey, a notorious character, murdered a laborer on the Cairo & Fulton railroad, opposite this city, at Argenta, on Saturday night. The laborer had just been paid off. Massey is now in jail.

A POLITICAL MUDDLE IN PROSPECT.

Some of the Reform candidates for State offices at the recent election will commence proceedings before Judge Caldwell, of the United States Court, to-morrow, similar to those before Judge Durell, of New Orleans, to restrain the State authorities from returning their opponents as elected.

## TITUSVILLE.

**Combination to Keep up the Price of Oil.**

TITUSVILLE, Pa., December 23.—The Oil Producers' Council to-day ratified at Oil City an agreement made by their Executive Committee with the Refiners' Association, providing that the latter shall buy 15,000 barrels of crude a day from the Producers' Association, and co-operate in other ways to maintain the price of crude oil at four dollars per barrel and upwards.

## FIRES.

**Chicago.**

CHICAGO, December 23.—There were several fires in the city during yesterday and last night, the most destructive of which was at 100 and 106 West Lake street, in a row of wooden buildings occupied by several produce and commission merchants, and by a number of saloons and restaurants. The aggregate loss, including the buildings, is fourteen thousand dollars, on which there is only an insurance of three thousand dollars.

At Cottage Grove avenue, in the southeast part of the city, yesterday morning, three brick dwellings, with their contents, were destroyed. The loss is fifteen thousand dollars, partially covered by insurance.

PORTLAND.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 23.—A disastrous conflagration occurred to-day in Portland, Oregon. A fire broke out in a Chinese washhouse on the east side of Front street, between Alder and Morrison, burned the entire block between Alder and Morrison and nearly the entire block on the west side of front, between Alder Morrison street. At noon a general conflagration in this part of the city seemed imminent. Furniture and goods were removed several blocks from the direction of the fire. Fortunately at half-past twelve the wind changed, driving the flames back on the burned portion, enabling the firemen to gain control and confine the flames to three blocks. Engines came from Van Cameer, Oregon City, Salem and Albany. The Washington and Emmett Guards were ordered out to protect the exposed property, and to prevent the crowd from interfering with the operations of the firemen. Several firemen were severely injured by falling walls. The loss is estimated at three hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

The fire was finally extinguished within the limits of three blocks, constituting part of the business portion of the city.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, December 23.—About one o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Charlotte Adams' ladies' corset manufactory on Washington street was entirely destroyed by fire. Loss $20,000.

The property adjoining the corset establishment was also burned, causing damages to the amount of $70,000. The people were greatly excited last night in consequence of the frequency of fire alarms on Washington street, one of which caused a general alarm.

HELENA.

MEMPHIS, December 23.—It is reported that the largest portion of Helena, Ark., was destroyed by fire last night.

EAST CANAAN.

CONCORD, N. H., December 22.—A fire in East Canaan yesterday destroyed property to the value of $50,000; insured for about half.

## THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, December 23.—Yesterday morning the ice in the river at this place broke several empty coal barges loose from Moulton's landing, at the foot of Vine Street, and drifted down against Heugehold & Jennett's fleet, sinking barges containing altogether between 80,000 and 90,000 bushels of coal. The gorge below the city gave way about dark, leaving the river clear from the foot of Sixth street to the Newport bridge. The steamboats all escaped danger yesterday, though it required constant effort to keep them afloat.

CINCINNATI, December 23.—About an inch of snow fell this morning. The thermometer is falling fast. It was only a little above zero at dark. The river is moving in consequence of ice from above. It is full of heavy ice. One barge of coal was sunk at Covington, one here, and one at North Bend. About 30,000 bushels of coal were lost. Three barges were torn from their moorings at North Bend and floated down the river. A raft of lumber was torn loose above and floated past the city.

EVANSVILLE, IND., December 23.—Cloudy and cold; mercury 12 at 6 P. M. Business suspended.

ST. LOUIS, December 23.—The wind from the east; thermometer at 4 P. M. 10 degrees above zero, and falling. Foot passengers are crossing on the ice above the bridge, and the ferry boats are still making regular trips below it.

LOUISVILLE December 23.—River fallen 3 inches here, but raised 18 inches at Portland on account of a gorge below New Albany. Clear and cold; mercury 11 degrees and falling. The ferry boats are running. The ice is seven to eight inches thick above the landing. The Washington was pulled out the Portland bar to-day and safely moored at the foot of Sand Island. She had been stuck on the bar since Saturday.

MEMPHIS, December 23.—Weather cloudy; very cold. The river is filled with heavy ice. Departed—Kate Kenny, for Cairo, but will probably be compelled to return; Andy Baum, Ashland. The Arlington has laid up. The Mary Forsythe got away for New Orleans last night.

EVANSVILLE, December 23.—River rising, 10 feet on Harpeth shoals. Weather cold. Arrived—Burkesville, Cairo. Departed—Burkesville, Cairo.

CAIRO, December 23.—Navigation is suspended. The gorge at Columbus still holds. The weather is very cold. The mercury is eight degrees above zero and falling. The river has risen four feet six inches, part of which is from a gorge below and part from a rise in the Cumberland. The Susie S Iver, "Emma Billot and Fanny Lewis are loading with the expectation that the rise will break the gorge.

NEW ORLEANS, December 23.—Arrived—Emile Labarge, St. Louis; Indiana and barge, Cairo. Departed—Glencoe, St. Louis. Clear and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, December 23.—Down—Quachita Belle. Up—Belle Lee. Cloudy and cool. River rising.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Navigation on the Hudson river is closed for the season.

—The breakwater at Wick, Scotland, was seriously damaged by the late storms.

—The work of preparing the Old South church, in Boston, for a postoffice, will commence today.

—The Philadelphia police raided on a gambling saloon, last Saturday, and arrested twenty-nine persons.

—Captain Frank Stanwood, of the Third United States Cavalry, died in Brighton, Mass., on Friday.

—There is a reported discovery of extensive coal fields at San Diego, Cal., in the Temecula mountains.

—A dispatch from Fort Garry says that Morris, the new Lieutenant Governor, was sworn in on Saturday.

—John Taylor, the great champion pigeon shooter, died at his residence in Greenville, N. J., on Thursday.

—A consistory was held in Rome on Monday. Twenty-two Cardinals were present. The Pope delivered an allocution.

—Three hundred and thirty-six thousand hogs were slaughtered in Ohio from the 1st of November to the present time.

—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the persons concerned in the arrangements for a cock fight near Saratoga.

—The last rail on the short line connecting the West Wisconsin and Chicago and Northwestern Railroad was laid on Monday.

—Mrs. James Halleron, aged forty, fell while walking on a railroad track near Columbus, Ohio, Monday, and was run over by a locomotive and killed.

—Work in the new sulphur mines in the Cocapat mountains, near Colorado river, is progressing finely. Sulphur is found in great quantities at the mines.

—The following has been received from Victoria, British Columbia: "The McCreight Ministry has been defeated by a majority of one, and have tendered their resignations."

—The Ferguson House, in Kansas City, Missouri, was burned on Thursday morning; loss $17,000. Dr. Fleming's drug store, in the hotel building, was also destroyed; loss $7,000.

—General Ambrose Ransom Wright, one of editors of the Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle and Sentinel*, and member elect of Congress from the Eighth Georgia District, died on Saturday morning.

—The steamer store house, on the Hamburg docks at Hoboken, was robbed last Friday night of four cases of silks and one case of foreign illustrated newspapers. Their value was over ten thousand dollars.

—The brig John Brightman, which arrived at Boston from Malaga, brings a full cargo of raisins consigned to a firm in Chicago. This is the first cargo ever received at Boston consigned to an inland port of entry.

—E. W. Fox, Collector of Customs in St. Louis, advertises for sale at auction on the 6th of January all the residences and buildings situated on the block lately purchased there for the new Government building.

—Through the negligence of a switch tender the westerly passenger train from Stonington to Providence, R. I., collided with some freight cars on a turn-out, disabling the engine and damaging the cars. No lives were lost.

—General Crook has adopted the policy of enlisting the friendly Indians to fight warlike Apaches. The Indian agents are co-operating, and if General Crook is not interfered with he will make the campaign short and decisive.

—An injunction has been granted restraining the New Jersey Central Railroad Company from interfering with the coal tonnage of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, or carrying into effect the resolution of December 13th regarding it.

—The weather all over the northwest on Saturday was the coldest known for years. At Ft. Garry, Manitoba, the thermometer was 42 degrees below zero, at St. Paul and Minneapolis 30, and in Milwaukee in the middle of the day at 20 below.

—Everything indicates an early and satisfactory settlement of the land difficulties recently so exciting along the line of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad on the Osage lands. A test case will be submitted to the courts at once for speedy and final decision.

—Some three hundred soldiers of the late war held a meeting in St. Louis on Thursday night, at which it was decided to memorialize the United States Senate to pass the bill which passed the House on the 12th inst., giving to each soldier a quarter of a section of land, and passed a resolution requesting the Union soldiers throughout the country to take like action. Committees were appointed to procure signatures of soldiers and citizens generally to the memorial. Another meeting will be held next week.

# SECOND EDITION.

**Four O'Clock.**

## THE CAPITAL.

### Doings of the Louisiana Delegation.

### ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

### Candidates for the Speakership of the House.

### SPANISH COLONIAL AFFAIRS.

WASHINGTON, December 23, 1872.

ADDRESS OF THE LOUISIANA COMMITTEE.

The Louisiana Committee have issued an address to the people of the United States, who they believe are not unconcerned spectators of the events now transpiring within the limits of that State, and for which, it is probable, no parallel can be found in history. The committee repel as utterly false the insinuation that they are mere allies and agents of Governor Warmoth. They are not representatives of any personal or party interest whatever. So far as Wartmoth's past conduct is concerned, few, if any of them, have not been among his most pronounced opponents; while in those measures for which he has been most loudly denounced, he had in fact advisers, associates and co-adjutors. A very men who now assail him, including especially Pinchback, Antoine and others, whose names figure most conspicuously in these proceedings. The committee declare, in reply to another insinuation, that they are no parties to, and have no knowledge of, any political trickery intended to defeat the true voice of the people, that they do not believe any such existed, and that they would not be here unless they could proclaim conscientiously their conviction that the men who have been foisted into the offices of the State have been merely irregularly and unlawfully installed, but were not elected by the people, and were not the choice of the majority of the voting population of Louisiana.

The committee add that all they have asked of the Government is to make a candid and impartial investigation of the facts, and then proceed to give a detailed statement of all the facts connected with the election, including the various influences by the courts and with the organization of the party by which it was accomplished Governor Warmoth and placed Pinchback in his stead. Steps having been taken, say the committee, by Governor Warmoth to secure a revision by the Supreme Court of the United States of the Chancery orders of the United States Circuit Court, this body forthwith adopted resolutions to dismiss these proceedings. The militia were placed under command of General Longstreet, who at once took possession of by aid of the United States army. A civil revolution was accomplished within a month, under the orders of a Chancery Court, in suits over which the Court had no jurisdiction.

The Circuit Court of the United States is a Court of limited jurisdiction, and without any authority to enter into civil suits between citizens of the same State unless the case arises directly under the constitution and laws of the United States, and the jurisdiction is vested by act of Congress. Congress has no power to confer jurisdiction in any other case between such citizens. It has no authority to give jurisdiction in a suit of a citizen of the State against a State. Under the act of Congress of 1870, upon a single condition of facts, a citizen of a State may maintain a suit for an office of a State within the courts of the United States, but the State Legislature is especially excepted from the operation of this act, in the same clause that excludes members of Congress and Presidential electors. The organization of the Legislature is by a Chancery order. Had there been resistance to the execution of their orders and riot and bloodshed had followed, upon whom would have fallen the responsibility? By whose forbearance was it that a bloody catastrophe has not been exhibited as a scandal to the land? It sometimes happens that the executive of a department is tolerated, excused or justified in acts of administration which exceed their legal powers. The arguments derived from the terms "State necessity," "republic welfare," or "convenience," have here a soothing influence, but judiciary action is not entitled to any benefit from such arguments. The damage which ensues from the employment of judiciary power to accomplish other than a judicial act of administration cannot be calculated, and it is impossible to justify a court in determining that to be legal which is merely desirable, or that to be right which is only profitable. The order in the Kellogg case was *ex part*. It was placed in the hands of a Marshal without notice to the parties. It proceeds for an alleged contempt by no legal proceedure usual in matters of the sort, and we are not aware of any imminence of danger to the public peace which justifies the seizure of the State Capitol in a chancery cause. In the suit between Kellogg and a canvassing board, a suit professedly brought to perpetuate the testimony, the case of Antoine displays with more distinctness than that of Kellogg, the use that has been made of Judicial orders to accomplish results of which the Judiciary had no cognizance. Antoine was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and was entitled to his office in January next had he been elected with a disputed title. A month in advance he filed this bill and obtained the order we have cited, placing under interdict the Governor, Secretary of State, the members elect both branches of the General Assembly, all the board and officers and men of the police, the members of the two canvassing boards, and upon this *ex parti* order the organization of the General Assembly, at a time when he had no share in any of its sittings, was regulated and directed. Since the meeting in New Orleans under which the committee was appointed, we have been met with a suggestion that these orders and acts are facts accomplished, and that their revocation or revision would not restore the *status quo*, and that our complaints therefore are unreasonable. If the opinion we have be correct, such a condition ought not to affect our action or conduct. When the King of Great Britain established arbitrarily a Government in one of the colonies, the remaining colonies took alarm lest it might serve as a precedent as well as an instrument to establish such governments elsewhere. Besides, men are less patient under wrongful orders and acts of a judiciary tribunal than even of violence from other sources of authority. A Government so built on a nest for its organization upon an illegal judicial order, directed by a marshal with companies of soldiers, does not command as much respect or authority as if the judicial appendages had been dispensed with, and the army kept as a government with a strong and usurping hand.

The committee take the liberty to say that they have had no connection with these suits as parties or attorneys. Neither do they claim any of the offices in dispute. They have not heretofore been concerned in controversies among the political classes, which have endangered the peace of and brought scandal upon the State. They affirm that during the last four years there has not been a good government in Louisiana. There has been extravagance, prodigality, dishonesty and waste in public expenditures. The public debt has been enormously increased, with but little corresponding benefit. The credit of the State has been given to speculating corporations for personal aims. The taxes on property have assumed such a proportion that they might be called rents paid by proprietors to the State for its occupation and use. The taxes upon business oppress the commercial and laboring classes. The laws to control elections, corporations and public institutions stimulate these excesses of office-holders, and the consequence is depression and discontent. The State needs an honest, faithful and responsible government, conducted to attain public objects, and not to enrich its members or to perpetuate their power. There was an earnest effort to obtain such government at the last election.

We affirm, without fear of contradiction, that the foregoing statement exhibits on the part of the United States Court the most unparalelled and baseless usurpation of jurisdiction and authority of which the annals of jurisprudence afford any example. The action of the returning board, recognized and vested with all its powers by this court, has been equally unprecedented or without any official returns before them, without any official date, on which alone their action could have been rightfully based, they have presumed to condemn the results of the elections—a declaration by them of the votes cast in the different parishes, as grateful fanciful, as if no election whatever had been held. They have arbitrarily reduced or increased the votes in the different parishes to suit their purpose. In several parishes, while returning or adding to votes cast for their candidate, they have simply annihilated or stricken out the votes cast for their opponents. In other parishes they have exactly reversed the return, giving to their candidates majorities, which had really been returned for their opponents. They have not pretended to furnish the public with any statement or basis on which they proceeded, or a theory on which they acted. Their whole conduct is without any kind of reasonable explanation.

We submit to the people of the United States that such proceeding will reach a point at which the whole theory of popular government is reversed and overthrown. The means by which such results have been reached are enough to startle the public mind; but the results themselves are not less appalling. Aside from the general affairs of the State, we find the Legislature of the State delivered over into the hands of men who were not elected and who are utterly unfit for a position of such responsibility as originally composed it. At its organization it was composed of fifty-eight persons of color, most of them totally uneducated, with a small majority of whites. Since that time they have expelled members whose seats were uncontested. They unseated members returned elected by their own board, and seated their defeated opponents, simply on the ground that the former had not appeared to claim their seats. The result is that originally bad as the Legislature was, it makes itself worse day by day, and the prospect is that soon the Conservative element of the State will have no representation whatever.

To those who flatter themselves with the hope that Mr. Kellogg would not willingly abet any scheme of outrageous mis-government, it is now apparent that even supposing this to be true, the power of restraining has passed entirely beyond his control, and that should he attempt to thwart the scheme of this Legislature, his own impeachment would be a probability of the future.

In conclusion, we state that we have attempted to perform the duties of our mission in the purest nonpartizanship; that we have not sought to furnish capital to any political party, or to excite a peculiar clamor in the interest of any faction. We have laid our case before the President and his Attorney General, and we willingly testify that we have been courteously received and patiently listened to. While they have refused the specific measures of relief for which we applied, they have given reasons for such refusal, in no manner implying their indisposition to see justice done. They have referred the matter to Congress, and we feel assured that we shall have the immediate sanction of the President so far as we invite an impartial investigation of the facts of our our case, and that we shall have his co-operation in any measures of relief which Congress may adopt after a just investigation. The people of Louisiana, ignoring party, and conscious of an honorable effort to place in office men of tried probity, they seek justice, not generosity. They ask for a calm, impartial examination of the recent extraordinary events within their borders, and that there may be a speedy correction of the dangerous evils now threatening the very life of their State.

Signed—J. A. Campbell, J. Aldidge, August Bohn, Joseph Bowling, N. Barnett, A. Chenella, J. S. Capes, H. W. Conner, W. D. Coleman, John Fairbanks, O. E. Jenner, O. B. Wheelock, A. B. Griswold, G. Kohn, H. McCloskey, G. N. Nott, H. C. Ogden, William S. Pike, John C. Potts, John F. Pollock, J. Tuyes, James Wallace, Walker Fearn, D. C. Saboti, H. O. Seixas, J. W. Sabouisse, D. West, Richard Taylor, Mayer Silm, E. Pugh, George W. Squires, F. A. Haber, H. Gardes, P. M. Baker, Albert C. Janin, S. Hernsheim, T. H. Kennedy, J. M. Scott, Alfred Mitenberger, A. G. Darcy, Seila Martin, W. Marks, C. M. Wilcox and H. R. Cramer.

SPANISH COLONIAL AFFAIRS.

General Sickles telegraphs from Madrid that both Houses of Congress have accepted, by decisive majorities, the Colonial policy of the Ministry for Porto Rico, which involves the separation of the civil from the military Government, the extension to Porto Rico of the same provincial form of government which exists in Spain, with a municipal Government and town and local officers. Two of the Ministers resigned, and their successors, who are in accord with the rest of the Ministry in Congress, were confirmed officially received by Congress. The policy of the Ministry is understood to have been approved by a vote of sixty Senators against six, and by two hundred and fourteen against twelve in the lower House. General Sickles further telegraphs that the President of the Council announced that a bill for the immediate emancipation of slaves in Porto Rico will be speedily introduced.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

For the New England and Middle States, rising barometer, fresh and brisk northerly to westerly winds, clear and partly cloudy weather, and falling temperature; for the South Atlantic States, northerly to easterly winds and increasing cloudiness; for the Gulf States east of the Mississippi, northeasterly to southeasterly winds, cloudy weather and rain to-night, and probably thunder along the coast on Tuesday; from Tennessee and Kentucky to Southern Missouri, rising barometer, easterly to northerly winds, partly cloudy weather and low temperature; from the latter region to Lake Erie and upper lakes, high and rising barometer, northerly to westerly winds, and very low temperature.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Speaker Blaine expects his re-election by the next Congress, but a good deal of wire-pulling is likely to take place before that time. Freeman Clarke, of New York, is mentioned as a probable candidate for the Speakership. Some Southern members mention Horace Maynard for the position. Fernando Wood will be a candidate, Democratic. Ordway will be dropped as Sergeant-at-Arms; also King as Postmaster of the House.

MURDER.

Patrick Welsh, fireman at the gas works, was struck on the head with a coal shovel by John Lynden, a fellow workman, while at their duties at an early hour yesterday morning. His skull was so fearfully crushed that he died almost instantly. The parties had a personal quarrel. Lynden escaped.

INDIGNANT CLAIM AGENTS.

There is considerable indignation among the claim agents here and elsewhere at the orders of Secretary Delano, forbidding fees from being deducted from claims when paid.

SOUTWELL TO LEAVE THE CABINET.

Boutwell will positively leave the Cabinet in March, and will run for the Senate to take the place of Henry Wilson.

## THE OLD WORLD.

### AFRICA.

NEW MINISTRY.

LONDON, December 23.—A steamship from the Cape of Good Hope has arrived. She brings intelligence that the first ministry under a system of responsible Government has been formed at the Cape.

A VALUABLE DIAMOND.

A diamond weighing 288 carats has been found in the diggings. There is much complaint on account of the manner in which justice is administered at the diamond fields.

### GERMANY.

IMPERIAL RESCRIPT.

BERLIN, December 23.—The *Prussian Cross Gazette* publishes the following Imperial rescript, addressed to Bismark: "I relieve you of the Presidency of the Council of Ministers. You will retain the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for the Empire, and are empowered to vote in the State Ministry through the President of the Council, Herr Delbruck. The Premiership devolves upon the senior minister."

### GREAT BRITAIN.

RUMORED LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP GERMANY.

LONDON, December 24.—1 A. M.—It was reported at midnight that the steamship Germany, of the Allan Line, was totally wrecked yesterday.

**A Young Lady Accidentally Killed.**

LOUISVILLE, December 13.—A special dispatch to the *Courier-Journal* says in Owensboro, Ky., to-day Miss Amelia Pegram, daughter of D. B. Pegram, accidentally shot herself through the heart with a pistol. The young lady was widely noted for her beauty, amiability and intelligence, and was engaged to be married in two weeks to Mr. Weir, son of the President of the Owensboro & Russellville Railroad.

**Explosion at a Powder Works.**

SAN FRANCISCO, December 22.—By an explosion at the Hercules Powder Works, six miles from this city, yesterday afternoon, two Chinese workmen were killed. One was blown to atoms. Wm. Cook, foreman, was seriously injured afterwards by burning acids. It is stated that the explosion was caused by his intoxication. He will probably recover.

### CATACAZY.

**The Little Diplomatic Chap from Russia—His Dealings With the Holy Father.**

Information has been received in Washington that Mr. C. Catacazy, formerly Minister to this country, has not fallen in disgrace with the Czar. Though diplomatic exigencies required that he should be disavowed as a public functionary he is still in the service of the Russian Government as a secret agent, and his talent for intrigue has lately found a profitable field. Gortschakoff has employed him to carry on negotiations with the Court of Rome, in order to adjust the ecclesiastical difficulties existing between the Pope and the Russian government with regard to the appointment of Roman Catholic bishops in Poland. The version of the trouble is as follows:—During the Polish revolution of 1863 six Roman Catholic bishops were deposed by the Russian government and transported to Russia, because they would not submit to the orders of the Russian government, which interfered with the free exercise of their spiritural authority. After the exile of the bishops Russia desired that the Pope should nominate others to fill the vacant diocese. The Pope refused, and has ever since maintained that the exile priests were still the legitimate incumbents of those bishoprics. During an audience with the Pope the then Russian envoy used disrespectful language to the Holy Father, who thereupon ordered him to leave the room. The Papal Nuncio was recalled from St. Petersburg and has never since been replaced. Negotiations have been going on between Rome and Russia, but without result. A few months ago Prince Gortschakoff hit upon the plan of sending Catacazy to Rome in order to bring about some satisfactory arrangement. In this he has succeeded by obtaining the concessions desired by Russia. The Pope has consented to nominate six new bishops who were recommended by the Russian government to fill the vacant diocese in Poland. Catacazy has obtained all the credit for this diplomatic transaction. It is said that Catacazy is on intimate terms with President Thiers, who supported him throughout the negotiations. Thiers is said to have advised the Pope to comply with the desire of the Russian government, promising in return to give all the assistance in his power to the Holy Father. Catacazy is thus reported to have been instrumental in producing more intimate relations between France and Russia.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE contract for building the St. Paul & Iowa Southwestern Railroad from Mason City, by way of Webster City, Boone and Dallas Centre, to Dexter in Dallas County, was last week taken by a Detroit Company, representing some German capitalists.

AN orator, getting warmed with the subject, exclaimed, "there is not a man, woman or child in the house, who has arrived at the age of fifty years, but what has felt this truth thundering through their minds for centuries."

## BREVITIES.

....To morrow Christmas.

....Sleighing in the city yesterday.

....Christmas eve parties to-night.

....The days are becoming longer.

....Rather bustering weather yesterday.

....Get your stockings ready for to-night.

....Local items on the South Side are very scarce.

....Council proceedings will be found interesting to-day.

....Squire Moreland's squirrel is growing more contrary daily.

....Interesting services will be held in some of our churches to-night.

....The expenses for teachers' salaries last month was over $17,000.

....The Allegheny city police are about lasting a "New Year's address.

....The South Side is well satisfied with the new police appointments made.

....Wanted, To Lets and For Sales will be found on the second page to-day.

....The postoffice will be open to-morrow, Christmas Day, from 8 to 10 o'clock A. M.

....The Allegheny City officials are now busily engaged in preparing their annual reports.

....Despite the cold weather, there were many that enjoyed the pleasures of sleigh-riding last evening.

....The hot water boiler in the kitchen of an Allegheny citizen exploded yesterday, fortunately injuring no one.

....Our Sabbath schools are anticipating a merry Christmas. Rehearsals were quite numerous last evening for exhibitions.

....The police of Allegheny, on Saturday evening, prepared to raid the "keno" bank, but the parties got wind of the affair and "sloped."

....The grading of the Troy Hill road, an extensive work amounting to $73,000, will be commenced immediately after January 1st., and is to be completed by November 1st, 1873.

....Notwithstanding the publication of the names of the successful applicants for police appointments for the South Side, the Mayor says that the applications are still being made.

....The alarm of firm from box 55 last evening at half past six o'clock, was caused by a bed tick burning in the house No. 41 Chatham street, cause unknown. The firemen were promptly on hand and extinguished it without damage.

....The police have gotten up a neatly printed address to present to the people residing upon their respective beats. It is useful as well as ornamental as it has the fire alarm signals printed upon it, and a piece of poetry of no mean merit.

....Now is the time that boiler explosions are to occur in kitchen ranges. Several serious and one fatal explosion have already been reported in neighboring cities. Attendants will please call and will prevent these accidents by shutting off the water during the night.

....Frederick Schumacher was committed three months to the Work House by Mayor Lowe; his time having expired yesterday was discharged. While at Claremont he became insane, and upon his release the Board of Directors of the Poor sent him to the poor farm.

....The man Peyton, who fell from a scaffold while at work plastering St. Peter's church, Allegheny, the fore part of last week, and fractured one of his thighs (as mentioned previously in the GAZETTE) is lying in a very critical condition, as inflammation of the stomach has set in.

....Messrs. J. W. Pittock & Co. send us this early the January numbers of Scribner's Monthly, Atlantic Monthly, Appletons' Popular Science Monthly and the Galaxy. These initial numbers for 1873 severally exhibit good tokens of increased merit, as compared with former years.

....Mrs. Augusta Osborn while walking on North avenue near Federal street, Allegheny, yesterday, slipped and fell, breaking her right arm and bruising the left wrist. She was taken to the residence of her son No. 37 Resseca street, where Dr. Walter Ure attended her and set the broken bones.

....We acknowledge the receipt of a complimentary invitation to attend the first re-union banquet of Company D, seventy-ninth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers, to be given on Christmas Day at 2:30 P. M., at Monongahela City. A grand time is anticipated on the occasion. President Hazzard has our thanks.

....Officer Lanigan, of the Allegheny police force, has been suffering for some time past with a very sore foot, contracted while a prisoner within the walls of Libby and Andersonville prisons, and is unable to be on duty. Yesterday he was taken to Passavant Hospital to receive proper surgical care. His comrades on the force are getting up a raffle for a silver watch for his benefit, to come off on Thursday evening next.

....A team of horses belonging to D. K. Kuhn & Son, of East Liberty, were rounding the corner of Liberty and Butler streets yesterday, the wagon which they were drawing slid somewhat out of its course and frightened them. The driver, a mere boy, lost control of the horses, and they ran away, striking a post on Butler street, a short distance from Thirty-fifth, which knocked the horses down, upset the wagon and threw the driver upon the ground. The wagon was demolished, and the boy had his arm slightly injured. The horses were both unhurt.

....The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says: William F. Carter, son of a highly esteemed citizen (Richard Carter, Esq.,) of this county, met with an accident Thursday evening, which may prove fatal. The young man was hauling saw logs, and while en route to the mill with a heavy one the chain which bound it to the wagon, broke. The end of the chain thus suddenly released recoiled with great force, striking him on the head and cutting an ugly gash. Our informant did not know whether the skull was fractured or not, but grave apprehensions of the young man's recovery are felt by his relatives and friends.

....The coal wagons of Bigley's coal yards had a slippery time of it yesterday, in passing over the wharf, in order to reach Smithfield street. The poor horses, too, experienced an unusual strain upon their muscles. The carts and wagons were loaded to their topmost capacity, and on being driven along the winding roadway, near the upper line of the wharf, they would slide upon the glaring pavement, pulling the horse with the cart, in some instances the entire width to the water line below. One cart containing several hundred several horses were hitched to one wagon to enable it to reach the top of the wharf, the team being placed before and behind it to keep it from "slewing." A load of cinders is a remedy recommended.

**Amusements.**

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—There was no performance at this house last night, owing to the immense outlay and preparation required in producing Augustin Daley's play of "A Flash of Lightning." This piece is one of intense interest, and will no doubt have a crowded house upon its first production to-night. The management intend that the scenery and costumes in this play as produced here shall be unexcelled, and as a guarantee of this, have gone to the expense of $6,000 in putting it upon the stage.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Last night Carneross and Dixey's Minstrels opened at this house to a good audience. The singing of the various artists was considerable above the average, and the jokes were fresh and sparkling. Mr. Carneross as a tenor has few equals upon the minstrel stage. The funny men of this troupe know how to keep up their end, and it is not too much to say that they never offend good taste. Tonight an extra good entertainment is offered. There will be a grand matinee to-morrow (Christmas), to which we say go if you want to hear good singing and want to enjoy a good hearty laugh.

AIMS' AMERICAN THEATRE.—This house was crowded last night to its fullest capacity. The bill given was one full of choice morsels. The Runelsberg Sisters in their various dances display the poetry of motion almost to perfection. The Freemen Sisters were well received; they are young, dress tastily, and their acts with a naivete that renders them very pleasing. The various artists did well in their respective roles. The Sappho troupe did not appear owing to a wreck of their train at Lucas, Ohio. They will surely appear to-night and the balance of the week. To-morrow a grand Holiday Matinee will be given.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—A holiday bill is offered the entire week at this house. A new drama and a grand pant

# DAILY GAZETTE.

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Corner Sixth Avenue and Smith field Street.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1872.


BONDS at Frankfort 96.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 53f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¼@111¾.

MR. SUMNER has determined to withdraw his resolution looking to the erasure of the names of battles from our battle flags. The opposition to the project was so general and positive that he thought it prudent not to brave public opinion in the matter.

THE fertile talent for intrigueing possessed by Catacazy renders him invaluable to the Russian Government; and it now turns out that in place of being in disgrace, he has really been employed on a delicate diplomatic mission to the Pope of Rome, in which he has gathered the laurels of success. This will give the Greek diplomatist a new leverage whereby to lift himself again to a position of influence and honor.

THE Chicago proposition to relieve the financial stringency, while feasible, has only the merit of a makeshift. What the country needs is a thoroughly digested financial policy, with enough elasticity to meet the ever-varying financial needs of the people. We hope Congress will give this, and look for enough careful work on the part of the proper committee for the presentation, at least, of a feasible plan of financial reform.

THE report announcing the purpose of the President to abolish polygamy in Utah does not mention the method, farther than to intimate that Congress will be called upon to enact a law for the purpose; but we gather that the law passed and the President will see that it is given prompt effect. It will be an agreeable circumstance to know that the last relic of a barbarous age has been swept aside, and the country free from any form of reproach. More than this, the breaking up of the system will prove an actual blessing to the Mormons themselves.

BY REFERENCE to our reports of the Council proceedings it will be observed that an animated debate took place in the Select branch over an ordinance compelling the Fort Wayne Railroad Company to diminish the length of their trains in crossing Penn and Liberty streets in the city. The proposed ordinance limits the number of cars in each train passing over the crossing to fifteen, and compels the company to allow five minutes to expire between the passage of trains, in order to permit the throng of delayed teams and pedestrians to pass over the tracks. The move is a good one, and we trust the matter will be pushed through Councils in some shape, to the end that danger may be avoided, and the people benefited.

THE preparations for the Stokes trial, in New York, progress slowly. In the meantime, he is industriously occupied in showing how Fisk contemplated murder, and was actually feeling for his pistol when the nimble Stokes shot him. Yet the meeting was totally accidental. All this may be true, but it wears an air of afterthought, and of shrewd legal instruction. Of course, the theory will be, that he shot Fisk in self defense. It is palpable that all the details of this theory have been carefully worked, and, no doubt, witnesses are ready to swear to anything that may be thought necessary. It seems quite strange that all the items he is now so garrulous over, should not have been equally well known at an earlier date.

THE course of the Warmothites, in seeking to manufacture outside influence, in order to carry their point, will be more likely to injure than benefit their cause. The course of the President has been so eminently proper, that there is left them but one method of meeting the issue. This is to bring their case before the United States Courts, and obtain a verdict in their favor, if they are entitled to one. This done, and the same rule now being applied by the President, and which for the time being favors Pinchbeck, will work in their interest. The President simply enforces the mandates of the United States Courts, and if these shall favor Warmoth, it will be all the same to him. The trouble is, however, that the Warmothites have not the case they pretend to have.

WE DO not claim to know the details of a treaty pending between this country and Germany, on the subject of Emigration, but we must insist upon the perfect right of the American press to criticise the course of the German government in obstructing emigration. This country has come to sustain peculiar relations to almost every other, from the fact that we number among our citizens persons of almost every nationality. While we do not seek to swell unduly the tide of emigration, the theory prevailing in this country is, that there should be no embargo placed on the movements of the people, they being free to go or come at pleasure. Hence when the German government undertook to prevent emigration, the American press opposed. We are gratified to notice that the obnoxious orders have been modified, and hope they may be entirely rescinded.

TO-DAY, we venture, will be the great gala time among present seekers, and the happy parents who feel called on to keep up the delusion of a full fed Santa Claus, whose beneficent favors are to fill stockings, and make even expectant shoes bountiful of good things. Our American custom tends rather to the Christmas tree, than to an illusory Santa Claus. But whatever the method employed, all recognize the importance of making glad the hearts of the little ones of the family circle. We are glad to sympathize with this universal sentiment. The fond expectations of innocent hearts should not be blasted, when so little will often gratify. There is, too, something refining in this interchange of family courtesy. Apart from the fact that gentler and purer sentiments are fostered, is the other circumstance that love and gratitude are brought into play, and the family circle, on Christmas Day, is the scene of kindly feeling and generous impulses. Yet, withal, how little is required to bring all this about. While the wealthy may purchase and bestow costly presents, the children of the poor, whose Christmas bestowal may be only a candy toy, valued at a few cents, are just as happy as are the recipients of costly presents. There is a wonderful malleability in human nature, whether as to happiness or sorrow; and when we consider how diversified are our opportunities, it is fortunate that this is so, as it tends to make even the unevenness of life. If the poor child can be as happy over a penny toy as is another over a costly trifle, it is evident that at one point they are even,—that of happiness. To-day will illustrate this universal rule. Some, with plethoric purses will seek beautiful and costly presents, and we commend the practice; others with slender incomes will look for more moderate presents,—yet when the time for distribution comes, the happiness of the various recipients will be wide-spread and even. So we commend those who seek to provide, and join in the wish for happiness to follow.

### SAN DOMINGO—CUBA.

The telegraph has informed us that the inhabitants of the island of San Domingo, assisted, doubtless, by interested friends in this country, are about petitioning Congress for admission into the Union as a State, or annexation as a sovereign commonwealth, similar to the steps taken by Texas wealth, similar to the steps taken by Texas prior to her admission into the Union. In this way, it is thought, the objectionable feature of a purchase of the soil will be obviated, and the question of annexation will be met on its naked merits. No doubt much opposition to the measure was engendered, when it was last proposed to Congress, through partisan prejudice, incited in part by a false and malicious report that Government officers, among whom the President's name was audaciously mentioned, were interested financially in the purchase of the rich tropical island, and all this prejudice, it is hoped, is now arrested, since the real cause for it is past, viz., the recent exciting Presidential campaign.

But all the strong and real objections to the ultimate annexation of San Domingo to the United States remain, and its removal as a question from politics will not dissipate them, but, on the contrary, will strengthen them by actual inquiry in so far as they are founded in fact and not on prejudice or false report. That San Domingo is rich in soil, salubrious in climate, gifted by God with almost unparalleled agricultural resources, none will attempt to gainsay, nor will it be disputed that the annexation of the island will prove a great financial addition to our resources as a nation, rendering us in fact, almost if not altogether, independent of the outer world. The additional argument in favor of the spread of our national authority southward, such as the foothold we will thereby have obtained in that direction, enabling us to build and maintain a much needed ocean station, as a harbor and supply point for our gulf squadrons, and to better watch the movements of the nefarious slave-traders, and prosecute them until the last vestige of their inhuman traffic shall have disappeared, need not here be mentioned, as it is patent to the mind and understanding of every thinking man.

The objectionable features of the project remain, as we have said, and will elicit much study and doubtless receive much unnecessary and unauthorized comment. The population, being a mixed Spanish and African, is urged as the chief objection; the religion of the islanders is broached by others as the ground for opposition; the exposed and isolated situation of the island; its internal dissensions; the indolence of its population; its insecurity in the event of war between the United States and foreign powers, which it is said would require a large force and fleet to overcome, and many other supposed objectionable features, will be re-sounded by the enemies of the proposed measure, as if all such reasoning had not been illustrated and exploded over and over again years ago. How long, for instance, did the native populations of Florida, New Mexico, Texas and California keep out the encroaching Yankee after they had severally been annexed to this country? How long will San Domingo retain its distinctive features of population and religion—if such be admitted as a proper objection—after it shall have been added to the list of American States? How long, in a word, will the indomitable energy which is now sadly needed there, to properly cultivate its rich soil and prosecute its prosperous and highly remunerative avocations, be lacking after the stars and stripes shall proclaim it the land of the universal Yankee nation? It is idle to urge the consequences of the weak and pusillanimous rule of an imbecile sovereignty, against the far-reaching and munificient results of the American policy. Let Uncle Sam once possess title to the rich, little island, where sugar and coffee grow spontaneously, and its products through greater and more skillful American labor, with the world for a customer and no exhausting tribute to pay to sustain a rotting and corrupt dynasty, will grow and expand and increase until the world will look upon them with the wonder always excited at the result of Yankee industry.

We take no stock in that exploded idea, as will readily be perceived, nor do we attach much force to the remaining one, viz: the isolated position of the island. If the United States can find reasons for purchasing Alaska, and can guard it, and along with it the exposed coast of the Pacific, including California, Oregon, and the recently acquired territory—long contested by Great Britain—in the name of reason will their protection not extend and shelter from attack the little island of San Domingo? It is fudge to offer such an objection, and we shall not insult the intelligence of our readers by further considering it.

We have thus gone over the principal features of this important matter, and given our views in some detail upon them all. We do not (as might be supposed from what we have written) favor the annexation of San Domingo, as a State to the Union, but not from any objection that we have yet heard urged in this connection. We think the time has not come for that; but that it *will* come in due season we have not the remotest doubt, nor that it ought to come. Between the United States and San Domingo there lies a much more important, rich and desirable property, which might be, and ought to be, acquired *first*, since it lies nearest to us. Every argument or reason for annexing the smaller territory, attaches with ten-fold greater force to the island of Cuba. The latter is in a much higher state of cultivation, and its people are in a much more advanced condition of intelligence. Its products are vastly greater, owing to its greater size and the condition of its population, and its spacious harbors—already in a well fortified condition—afford naturally a capability of defense and protection not generally found anywhere, either at home or abroad. Should the island of Cuba be attained through purchase or the voluntary relinquishment of Spain's authority, it would prove the proper initiative step toward the ultimate possession and annexation of all the neighboring islands that might be wanted. But should San Domingo become ours *first*, it might postpone this consummation to an indefinite period of time.

This, then, would be, in our judgment, the proper and reasonable method of obtaining the needed foot-hold in the Antilles, and would doubtless effect in time the total absorption of all the West Indian territory that might be desired by the United States, and result in a large addition to our home products and render us completely independent of the outside world. It is thought and urged by some of our leading statesmen, in fact it has been a subject of anxious discussion for some time, that Spain will not be able to maintain her authority over Cuba much longer, and unless the United States are awake to these interests the ownership of this magnificent island may pass into the hands of England or some other European power. The facts are already known that the former power, jealous of the growing greatness of this country, has made more than once indirect overtures for the possession of the Spanish jewel, and that many of the prominent plantation owners prefer a connection with England over one with America for commercial reasons, owing to a more intimate business association, and thus the importance of our early attention to the subject becomes all the more manifest. It would be a bitter pill to swallow, should England obtain further territory on this side of the ocean, and succeed in wresting from beneath our very eyes, the choicest morsel which has been so long anxiously coveted. The annexation by us afterward of the comparatively trifling territory of San Domingo would hardly recompense us for the loss of the more attractive island, the "gem of the Antilles."

### GENERAL NEWS.

WOMEN have rights in Iowa if they are wives. The other day an Iowa woman recovered a valuable homestead from the liquor dealer at whose bar her husband had ruined himself, and now another wife has obtained $5,000 damages from a man who killed her husband during a quarrel.

PUBLIC Officers are occasionally held to a rigid accountability in England. A coroner's jury a few day's ago presented the Superintendent of St. Giles' (London) Work-house for causing the death of a child, by refusing it and its mother admission, and compelling them to go out in a storm. He was locked up and will be put on trial.

THE Milwaukee *Wisconsin* occupies nearly seven columns with a record of the disasters on the great lakes and the River St. Lawrence during the year 1872. It says the list is nearly as large as that of 1869, and the destruction of property but little less than in that year. The total number of losses during the entire year is 745; damage, $2,988,000.

DURING the recess a special House committee, consisting of Messrs. Merriman, of New York; Colton, of Iowa; and Cox, of Alabama, will visit New York to take evidence as to the cause of the loss of $185,000 of Government stamps by Johnson's well-remembered defalcation in the Assistant Treasurer's office. The object is to provide remedial legislation for defects in existing rules and law.

THE mixed commission on British and American claims constituted under article twelve of the Treaty of Washington has a claim before it which, if decided in favor of the claimants, will transfer at one swoop to divers Englishmen a sum of money equal to one-fifth of the entire amount of the Geneva award. The parties in question claim $5,078,784.16 for 4,936 bales of cotton taken away from Savannah in Gen. Sherman's occupany of that city.

IT took several years of costly litigation to obtain from the Supreme Court of Vermont a decision to this effect: That a Mrs. Drew, who cut some grass on the public highway in order that her children might have a path by which they could get to and from school without getting their clothes wet, committed no crime; but that, as Mrs. Drew fed nine pounds of this grass to her husband's horse, she committed a trespass, for which she was responsible to the State of Vermont.

WHEN the first opening from the central shafts to the east end of the Hoosac Tunnel was opened on Thursday last it was known, before any measurements had been made, that the error, if any, in direction was very small. The hole was enlarged, and the lines carried through from the shaft to the end on Sunday last, and the total error was found to be *five-sixteenths of an inch* laterally, and *one and a quarter inches* in level, the depth being measured from the top of the mountain!

A FRENCH surgeon has now inserted successfully into the skulls of his dogs watch crystals, through which he can observe the processes of the canine brain during sleep, in digestion, when influenced by rage or other emotion, and in its normal movements. The pack seem to show no aversion to having an eye set on their inmost thoughts, nor to contributing to science through their sky lights, and the savan expects to show, as clear as crystal, that the theory that blood tends to the head in sleep is an error.

THE case of Henry Porter Tenison, the alleged lineal decendant of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who was arrested in Poughkeepsie on a charge of bigamy, has assumed a new phase. The alleged first wife is in Ireland, and as the prosecuting counsel had not made arrangements for her to be present when the case came up yesterday, Tenison's counsel, William J. Thorne, moved that the prisoner be discharged, in accordance with the statutes, the people not being ready for trial, and the Court decided to discharge the prisoner.

REFERRING to the will of the late Edwin Forrest, the Philadelphia *Age* remarks, "that no mention is made in it of Mrs. Forrest, who, we believe was never divorced from her husband, and may assert her rights as a widow. These, in Pennsylvania, will not materially diminish the bequest of the real estate, for in it the widow has only a life estate in one-third, and that is but a transient interruption of a bequest to a permanent charity. In the personal estate, Mrs. Forrest, unless there has been some obstacle interposed by voluntary stipulations, will, we suppose, have an absolute interest in one third."

THE reappearance of Mr. Blodgett, of De-Witt, N. Y., who was supposed to have been murdered near that place some five years ago, proves that innocence as well as murder "will out," and shows the danger of trusting too implicitly to circumstantantial evidence. This gentleman declines to give any reasons for his mysterious disappearance, but says, however, that no attempt has ever been made on his life. The family affairs are somewhat embarassed by the reappearance of the missing man, as his property had been divided among his heirs, who will probably, however, effect an arrangement with him.

ONE of the therapeutic novelties in London, recently introduced from the continent, consists in the erection of establishments for administering hot sand baths, as a remedy for rheumatism, recent cases of nervous disorders, affection of the kidneys, and all cases where heat is wanted as the chief therapeutic agent. The advantages of this treatment are that it does not suppress perspiration like the hot water bath, but rather increases it, and does not interfere with the respiration like the steam bath or Turkish bath. The body can endure its influence for a much longer time, and a much higher temperature can be applied. It can be used for infants and permits of easy application to a part or to the whole body.

MR. JOHN ROGERS, the author of the well-known groups of statuettes illustrating war scenes, "Courtship in Sleepy Hollow," the "Rip Van Winkle" series, "Coming to the Parson," and others, has just finished a new group entitled "Playing Doctor," the subject of which is drawn from child life. A little boy, who is the patient under treatment, is seated in a chair wrapped in blankets with his feet in a pail of water. On either side of the patient is an older boy and girl. The girl, attired as a staid matron, is holding the wrapper around the sick boy's breast, while the young doctor, with spectacles on his nose, with one hand presses back the patients' head and in the other hand holds a medicine bottle, as if about to administer a dose of its contents. The young doctor has on an overcoat, its pockets filled with vials, and he carries a huge umbrella under his arm. The expression of the faces is very humorous, and the story altogether amusing.

### A FAMILY OF GIANTS.

#### One of Them Has an Encounter With a Buck.

Benjamin and Catharine Troutman, of Londonderry township, Bedford county, Pa., had sons and daughters eighteen. The father and eight of the children have gone to that bourne whence no traveler returns. The mother, who is about seventy-five years of age, and weighs upwards of 200 pounds avordupois, still lives with her son George, in Londonderry township. The ten children now living tip the beam of a "Fairbanks" to the tune of 2,215 pounds. The respective force of gravity of each, according to their last census, is as follows:

George, who lives in Londonderry township, 245 pounds; Joseph, who holds forth at Fair Hope, Somerset county, 220 pounds; John, who resides in the State of Indiana, 240 pounds (his shirt-sleeves; Daniel who lives in Kansas, 225 pounds; Adam, who is a resident of the "Smoky City," Pittsburgh, 240 pounds; Sarah and Polley, who reside in this county, 240 and 200 pounds respectively; Nancy, who lives in Maryland, 200 pounds; Betsey, who has followed the advice of the lamented Greeley and "gone west," 200 pounds. The father weighed 180 pounds, and the deceased children ranged in weight from 180 to 225 pounds each. If anybody can beat this let him rise and speak.

Peter Troutman, son of Joseph, weighs about 200 pounds. Some time since he and his father were out hunting, and shot a large buck. At the crack of the rifle the buck fell to the ground, and Peter ran up to it, supposing it dead, got astride of it, and was in the act of cutting its throat when it sprang up and attacked him; he grabbed it by the horns and held on to them. Then ensued a desperate struggle. The father who was not at this time near enough to assist his son, could not shoot the buck for fear of shooting his son too. He hurried to the scene, levelled his gun across his son's breast and fired, killing the buck instantly. He then found that the buck had gored Peter through the thigh, causing a very severe and ugly wound, which has caused him too keep his bed ever since.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

### OBITUARY.

#### George Palmer Putnam, Publisher.

George Palmer, Putnam, the well-known publisher, died suddenly on Friday afternoon, in New York. Mr. Putnam, who was the great-nephew of Gen. Israel Putnam, was born at Brunswick, Me., Feb. 7, 1814, and has been prominently know as the author and publisher of many good books. His reputation, of late years, as a publisher, was wide-spread. Mr. Putnam's experience as a book-seller was while junior member of the firm of Wiley & Putnam, a branch of which he established in London, where he resided, from 1836 to 1847. Since the last named date he resided in New York city. Mr. Putnam's literary career commenced at the age of twelve years, when he issued a volume of "Chronology; or, or An Introduction and Index to Universal History, Biography and Useful Knowledge." At the age of twenty years he edited "The Booksellers' Advertiser," a monthly periodical which lived one year. A great variety of works from his pen followed, noticeable among which was "Manners and Customs of the United States, With Portraits," in 1852, with the assistance of George William Curtis and Charles F. Briggs, and others, he established *Putnam's Magazine*, which was published for about five years. In 1863, Mr. Putnam retired from active business to become Collector of Internal Revenue, a position which he held till 1866, while, in conjunction with his sons, he formed the publishing house of G. P. Putnam & Sons. As a publisher, he was very active—having published upward of 300 volumes of original American literature between 1848 and 1868, which included works by Washington Irving, Fennimore Cooper, Bryant, Hawthorne, and others. Mr. Putnam's later life has been very busy, and his enterprise has commanded attention from the literary circles.


## Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED in 1868.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. F. Nimick, John S. Ailworth, F. Hahn, G. Fellenbaum, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John B. Bailey, Solicitor.


### STATE NEWS.

CAPT. JOHN S. STUCKEY, Associate Judge of Bedford county, has resigned.

THE Epizootic is assuming the shape of carrot colored pork in Bedford county.

OIL CITY gets along with fifty saloons. Half a dozen squares on the east end of Penn street will beat that figure.

WASHINGTON is to have a steam engine costing $6,500. The *Advance* is dissatisfied and wants Babcock's extinguisher.

THE verdict of the community at New Richmond, on the death of a woman of that place a few days ago, was "Apothe carelessness."

WAYNE M'VEAGH discusses on "Life in Constantinople," and ex-Governor Curtin on "Life in Russia." A hint to our Lecture Committee.

A TEMPERANCE CONVENTION to meet "the issue at the spring elections" for Mercer county, meets December 25th, in the Court House of the town of Mercer.

"THE JACKSON DEMOCRAT" is a new paper just started at Clarion. The salutatory a yard or so long, estimates the value of the paper for one year at "eight chickens" to the farmer, et cetera to other classes.

THE Democratic newspapers want to meet at Harrisburg, on the 8th of January, and consult on the future of the party. Good idea. Consider perpetual motion at the same time; it would be as useful.

THE State papers are generally discussing the local option election this coming spring, that once every three years the citizens of the various counties shall vote upon the question "license" or "no license."

EX-SENATOR ROBERT BROWN—he was only sent Salt riverwards last October—celebrates his tenth year, as editor of the Clarion *Democrat*. When he commenced in 1863, he says "the county was deluged in blood, business was dull and the prospects of the Democracy dark." Now, mark the change—Robert pass to the head.

THE Butler *Citizen* wants a new Congressional district for its section this winter. It thinks Butler, Armstrong and Venango, or Butler, Armstrong and Clarion, would make a natural and convenient district, and of just about the required ratio of population that will now be necessary for a district under the increase of members allotted the State.

THE New Castle *Journal* says: "It is rumored that Mr. Woodward, contractor on the N. C. & F. R. R., received the pay for the hands one day last week, and was to pay them on Monday, has absconded with the proceeds in his pocket, amounting to several thousand dollars. On Thursday last the workmen were in town full of excitement over their losses, and making exertions to get their just dues. It is also reported that one of the other contractors has played the same trick."

AFTER sentence had been passed the other day, on Sut Butler, in Washington, he made a desperate effort to escape by jumping out of one the Court House windows. Sheriff Ramsey was waiting at the rear door of the room to escort him to jail, but as he passed he made a sudden lunge at the window, knocking out several lights, and had it not been for the activity of the officers he would have gone out head foremost, and possibly broke his neck, as the window is about twenty-five feet from the ground. He got safely in the Penitentiary on Friday.

### PERSONAL.

THERE are 1,377,000,000 of us making it lively at present upon this ball of dirt.

ANOTHER effort is to be made to raise funds for a statue to Stonewall Jackson.

MRS. EX-PRESIDENT TYLER and family have gone to Washington for the winter.

LUCY STONE won't lecture this winter. She is nursing a little boy four weeks old.

HENRY SEBRO, of Montreal, while stopping at Saratoga, N. Y., a few days ago, became insane.

LYDIA THOMPSON'S lunatic lover has gone to Bellevue Hospital for treatment of his mental affliction.

A YOUNG man named Hunt, of Metuchen, N. J., has taken $1,500 worth of prizes at Princeton College.

THE Marchioness of Lorne has been elected President of the British National Union for improving the Education of Women.

MESSRS. M. and J. G. Vassar, sons of the founder of Vassar College, will give $100,000 to establish a hospital in Poughkeepsie.

ROBERT DALE OWEN, whose remarkable remarks at the burial of his wife last year excited so much comment, is about to marry again.

MRS. MARY S. PRICE, a widow lady of Portland, Maine, has sacrificed every male relative she possessed, but two, in the various wars, from the revolution down to the present.

GENERAL DE CISSEY, the French Minister of War, has just received from the Mikado, through the Japanese Ambassador, the Order of the Tchet, which confers on him the title of Daimot, equivalent to Prince.

GENERAL VON ROON has provisionally succeeded Prince Bismarck in the Presidency of the Prussian Council; thus falfilling the popular prophecy that the Council would go to Roon as soon as Bismarck left it.

SOME of the betting men are beginning to understand for the first time in their lives what an Electoral College is. Those, for instance, who had wagered their money that Maryland would vote for Mr. Greeley, are troubled to know whether they have lost or not. The Electoral vote of Maryland was actually cast for Mr. Hendricks, though the people of the State undoubtedly intended to vote for Mr. Greeley when they voted for the Liberal Electors. In the same way, those who wagered that Mr. Greeley would receive the votes of six States may be technically considered to have lost their money, as the Electoral votes of these States were distributed. On the other hand, Mr. Greeley having died before the meeting of said Electoral Colleges, some of the betters on the Liberal side, claim that, by a dispensation of Providence in taking away Mr. Greeley, their bets are off. In regard to the latter point, however, Mr. Wilkes has declared that the bets must be paid, and has set an example by paying those which he lost.


### Most Important Notice.

We publish below the testimonial of Mr. James Irvin, one of our best known citizens, and a gentleman whose word may be confidently relied on, to the efficacy of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup, a cheap medicine for coughs and recent lung diseases, which Dr. K. has prepared expressly to meet the thousands of cases that are heard coughing daily through our streets, every one of which could be cured in less than forty-eight hours, and at a cost of 75 cents. Who would cough through seventy-five hours at a cent an hour, when Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup is as sure to cure them as night follows day.

DR. KEYSER:—You have asked my opinion about your cough medicine, and I can cheerfully say that I have used your Pectoral Syrup on one occasion during last spring. I thought at one time that I was surely going to have some serious pulmonary disease, as I coughed up large quantities of matter. I found my disease would not yield to anything else, as I had tried various remedies and several of the best doctors without benefit. After the first dose of your Pectoral, I received quite a relief, and had I not used the whole bottle until I was entirely cured.

JAMES IRVIN,
No. 208 Third avenue.

Sold at the Doctor's Medicine Depot and office for Lung and Chronic diseases, 107 Liberty street.
Lung examinations daily.

☞ Advertisements on this page under the several heads of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Let," &c., will be inserted at transient rates—TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.

### WANTS.

WANTED—CONFIDENTIAL AC COUNTANT—Books opened, closed, balanced and examined; also kept by contract by a first class accountant. Business communications strictly confidential. Address ACCOUNTANT, Pittsburgh Pa. dec20:18

WANTED.—20 GIRLS FOR GENERAL house work and cooking in private families in the city and country. Cooks, Chambermaids, Dining room Girls, Washers and Ironers in Laundries, Scrubbers, Colored Servants, Half-grown girls for Hotels, Seminaries, Restaurants and Boarding Houses; several Girls want sewing and Operating and Light Work. Highest wages paid to competent persons, and families wanting help of any description can be supplied. Girls wanting good situations can procure them at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 3 Sixth street, first door from Suspension bridge, Pittsburgh. no23

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of a first class grocery store. Enquire of W. J. Caskey, corner of Ross stree, and Second avenue. dec20:19

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS, ENTIRELY new IMPROVED GROVER AND BAKER SEWING MACHINE. Apply to or address Pittsburgh GAZETTE. dec16-tf

FOR SALE.

House and Lot.

On Mount Washington, for SIXTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS. S. L. CUMMINS,
dec20-MTW 202 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.

GOLDEN WEDDING and FAMILY CHURCH WHISKY, rare for its bond, all ages to suit the trade. Each barrel shows by Government stamp its age.
JOSEPH FINCH & CO.,
my2 180 First avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—JOHN M. COOPER'S STEAM PUMPS. For all purposes for which Steam Pumps can be used. These are superior to any used. BOILER FEED PUMPS guaranteed to pump water heated to 212 degrees. Heaters furnished when ordered.
JOHN M. COOPER,
and 626 Penn street.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT AT Knox Station, P., Ft. Wa & C. R. W. 4 Lots at Jacks Run. 6 Lots on Jackson street. 5 Lots on Buena Vista street. House of 10 Rooms with Modern Improvements on Monterey street. 3 Lot at Fleming Station. Apply to
W. P. PRICE,
Real Estate and Collecti n Agency,
no25:w95 34 Ohio Street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—ONE TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, No. 70 on the east side of Arch street, second ward, Allegheny, containing 9 Rooms, with Hall, good dry cellar under the whole house. Lot 26 by 60 feet. The house is a good, substantial, well built house, and all in good order. Terms—one-half cash; the balance in one and two years, with interest from the 1st of April, when the deed will be made. The balance will be secured by bond and mortgage.
JOHN RAMSEY,
de18:f5 No. 8 Western avenue, Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE.

BRICK HOUSE

2 story, of 6 Rooms, Bath Room, Kitchen and Finished Attic; Ranges in Kitchen; Hot and Cold Water and Gas throughout; Lot 21 feet by 99 feet, adjoining which is a Lot 24 feet front by 99 deep, Situate on Boyle street, Allegheny. For terms, inquire of E. ROBINSON, Real Estate Agent, 73 Federal street Allegheny.

Also, LOTS

At Hoboken Station,

Nine miles up West Pennsylvania Railroad. Now is the time to secure a cheap and desirable Lot at this beautiful place. Lots are 50 by 150, 67 by 150 feet, 1, 2 and 10 acres. Inquire of E. ROBINSON, Real Estate Agent, 73 Federal street, Allegheny city.

### PERSONAL.

PERSONAL.—H. B. COCHRAN & CO. Gaiters in Machinery, 233 Liberty street, have added to machine shop to their business and are prepared to do all kinds of repairing promptly and at reasonable rates.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW SHAWLS,
Broche Shawls,
Striped Shawls,
Black Shawls,
Shoulder Shawls,
Scarfs.

FELT SKIRTS
At $1.50, New Felt Skirts.
At $2.00, New Felt Skirts, extra value.
At $2.50, New Felt Skirts.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

FURS, FURS.
A good assortment at low prices.

Blankets! Blankets!
Extra fine Blankets, Fresh and Clean.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS
A Fine Stock at low prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

Faber & Van Doren,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

R. E. Breed & Co.,
100 WOOD ST.,
Invite the attention of all who want
HOLIDAY GOODS
To their very extensive assortment of
SPLENDID CHINA
DINNER SETS
And decorated China of all kinds.
Bohemian and French
GOODS,
Clocks, Vases, and Cologne Sets. Ivory and Pearl Handled Cutlery, and a great variety of Goods suitable for
Christmas Presents,
Of their own importation and at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory. dec17:e97

HOLIDAY GOODS.
W. W. WATTLES,
JEWELER,
No. 22 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.
FORMERLY 90 FIFTH AVENUE.
Having removed to the above stand, I am enabled to display a larger stock of goods, and thus supply the increasing demands of my customers, and to this end I have just brought from the East a large and elegant assortment of
Fine Watches, Gold Chains,
Diamonds, Fine Jewelry,
Necklaces, Bracelets,
Silverware, French Clocks,
Bronzes, &c., &c.,
To which I invite your attention. W. W. W.
Prices always as low as elsewhere.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
NOTHING MORE DESIRABLE FOR
Holiday Presents!
A FINE DISPLAY AT
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 Fifth Avenue.
Watches and Chains, Chain and Band Bracelets, Diamonds, Cable Necklaces, Fine Lockets and Crosses, Fine Sets of Jewelry, Sleeve Buttons and Studs,
Fine assortment of Silver Plated Ware, French Clocks, Bronzes, Parian Marble Goods, TOILET SETS, ETC.
OUR PRICES ARE LOW.
Your patronage is solicited. dec17

79. 79.
R. A. HALL,
Human and Artificial Hair Goods
AND TOILET ARTICLES.
We are always receiving new goods and all the latest styles as soon as they are out. Also, a good stock of everything in the Real and Imitation Hair line can be found at 79 Fourth avenue, nearly opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. Ladies and Children's Hair Dressed and Shampooned, either at the store or at your residence, by female hair workers. Switches and Curls made to order.

HOLIDAY GOODS!
D. W. EVANS'
POPULAR
DEPARTMENT VARIETY STORE!
Is now full to complete assortment of HOLIDAY GOODS to be found in the city. Come and make your selection before the grand rush commences
No. 59 FIFTH AVENUE,
Masonic Hall
A complete line of all the latest designs in JEWELRY, celebrated makes of Pocket and Table CUTLERY, and Joseph Rogers & Sons' Toilet Cases for Ladies' and Gents, and thousands of useful articles for present use in all Departments, ranging in prices marked in plain figures.
Take time by the forelock and call early and you will avoid the inevitable Grand Rush.
The Department Store is the acknowledged Headquarters for Bargains.
NO. 59 FIFTH AVENUE.

DRY GOODS.

HOLIDAY GOODS
Initial Handkerchiefs, Collars,
Neck Handkerchiefs, Hosiery,
NECK TIES, UNDERWEAR,
Scarfs, Hoods,
Ribbons, Flowers.
FELT SKIRTS
PLUMES,
Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!
LACE BERTHAS,
Shawls, Dresses,
CLOAKS, SUITS,
SHIRTS, DRAWERS
A full Stock at low prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

RETAILERS AND DEALERS
Will find an
Elegant Assortment
OF USEFUL
HOLIDAY GOODS
AT
HORNE & CO.'S
Market Street,
Consisting of Ladies', Gents' and Children's
HANDKERCHIEFS
Motto, Name, Initial, Colored and Brocade Silk Hemmed and Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Embroidered and Braided Linen Setts.
GLOVES
Of every description.
FANCY WOOLENS,
Shoulder Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Scarfs, Sacks, Mitts, Wristlets, Opera Flannel Hoods and Sacks, and
Fine Felt Skirts,
Child's Felt Skirts.
Boucla Skirts.
Fringed Silk Fishus,
Hemmed and Tasselled Scarfs,
Gents' Mufflers,
Morrison's Star Shirts,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS
Cardigan Jackets.
Would also call attention to large addition of seasonable goods in
Shirts and Drawers;
Ladies' Underwear,
Child's Merino Suits,
Barred Dress Flannel,
Repellants, all mixtures, at reduced prices.
Black and Colored Reps and Turquoise,
Black and Colored Silk Velvets, at less than importers' prices.
Black Velveteens, Colored Velveteens, extra cheap.
Another lot of Buck Gauntlets and Gloves,
Sheep and Leather Gloves and Gauntlets.
Chinchilla Gloves and Gauntlets, at lowest prices
WHOLESALE ONLY.
77 and 79 Market Street.

FOR CITY TRADE
Just Received.
50 PAIRS
EXTRA EXTRA
Country Blankets,
FROM GREENVILLE MILLS.
ALSO,
White and Colored Blankets.
BARRED FLANNELS.
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
Full line in all departments. Wholesale only.
Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,
239 AND 241 LIBERTY STREET.
dec17

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.
Pianos and Organs.
GUARANTEED FIVE YEARS.

FIRST CLASS.
The Best and Cheapest Pianos and Organs In Use Use.

**Jas. T. Brady & Co.,**
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
Buy and sell all kinds of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,
On Most Favorable Terms.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Agencies executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

**Ira B. McVay & Co.,**
BANKERS.
We Offer For Sale, Free from All Taxes,
one hundred and six per cent. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, Turtle Creek Division, at 90 and accrued interest. This Mortgage is a lien upon one entire level 8 miles of the road, and is a key to the whole road; has sixteen years to run, is an absolute security and pays 7% per cent. on the investment.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

**TRADESMENS NATL BANK,**
Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.
Capital, - - $400,000
Accounts of Banks, Merchants and individuals solicited.
Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.
A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. PHILLIPS, Cashier.
CYRUS CLARKE, JR., Cashier.

**Shoe and Leather**
SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON,
D. E. DAVIDSON, W. H. BROWN,
E. HARKIN, C. FOLLANSBEE,
A. M. BROWN, JAMES LAWRENCE,
J. H. ROBLAND, E. H. PALMER, JR.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits of $1 and upward received.
Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

**Third National Bank**
OF PITTSBURGH,
Corner of Wood Street and Virgin Alley.
CAPITAL PAID IN..... $ 200,000.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... 1,000,000.
Collections made on all accessible places in the United States and Canada. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others solicited. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. E. Schmertz, A. K. Kerr,
Charles Meyran, Thomas M. Carnegie,
George McGrew, Thomas Dalzell,
Wm. Thaw, Jr., Augt. Kleber,
Percy Roll.
W. E. SCHMERTZ, President.
1917:v11 WM. STEINMEYER, Cashier.
GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON ROVE.....JAS. R. HILL.

**Geo. B. Hill & Co.,**
Bankers and Brokers,
NO. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Buy and sell on commission all kinds of
STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,
Government Securities.
NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.
Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising Four First-class Steamships afloat from or to
London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.
DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

**DAILY GAZETTE.**
FINANCE AND TRADE.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, December 23, 1872.
The extreme cold weather of the past two days has put quite an embargo upon all kinds of out-door operations, and matters of business, except that which demands immediate and constant attention, are put off for a less inclement season than that ruling at the present. Transactions in money in this market continue light, the banks hesitating, to the detriment of trade generally, to do anything until the Comptroller calls for the statement, which is now daily looked for. Outside the banks there is no change of importance to notice. Money is come-at-able for first-class paper when holders are willing to pay the rates demanded.

As regards money in the West, the St. Louis, Missouri, Democrat says: The condition of the local money market is unchanged. The demand for money is quite active. The general tone of the market is comfortable, with the demand and supply about balancing. Currency flows freely upon the banks, continue to the same extent as last year, but is not yet returning to the eastern cities. We can scarcely believe that there will be any stringency in the money market, either here or elsewhere. The banks, here or elsewhere, have usually regarded this season of the year as one of activity in money matters, and have generally been a little more firm in their views than at other times.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., banker and brokers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

| | Monday. |
|---|---|
| Gold | 111¾ |
| U. S. Bonds—1881 | 117¾ |
| " —coupons. | 117¾ |
| " 1862 | 112¾ |
| " 1864 | 112¾ |
| " 1865 | 115½ |
| " 1865, new | 113½ |
| " 1867 | 113¾ |
| " 1868—coupons | 109½ |
| 10-40s | 109¾ |
| " —coupons | 112¾ |
| Currency 6's | |
| RAILWAYS. | |
| New York Central | 97¾ |
| Erie | 90¾ |
| Hreland & Pittsburgh | 88¾ |
| Rock Island | 111¾ |
| North Western, Common | 81 |
| " Preferred | 86¾ |
| Western Union Telegraph | 76¾ |
| Ohio & Mississippi | 48¾ |
| Union Pacific | 38 |
| Toledo & Wabash | 94 |
| Fort Wayne | 90 |
| Adams Express | 67 |
| American Express | 67 |
| United States Express | 88 |
| Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express | 113¾ |
| Marions | |
| Gilmore, Gilbough, Bond & Co., brokers and bankers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the petroleum stocks to-day of the most active stocks: | |
| Peoples | 56 |
| Peoria, Central | 58 |
| Reading R. R. | 121 |
| United Co's New Jersey | 46 |
| Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R. | 35 |
| Lehigh Valley | 95¾ |
| Philadelphia & Erie | 46¾ |
| Lehigh Navigation | 73¾ |
| Pittsburgh & City | 95¾ |
| A. V. R. R. 7 30's | bid. |
| Central Transportation | 47 |

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, December 23, 1872.
APPLES—There is an improved demand, and while the markets, in a general sense, is firm, there is no change in prices. $2.50@3 per bbl for fair to choice.
APPLE BITTER—There is more inquiry, and we can report sales at 50@60c per gallon, according to quality.
ALE—Following are the quotations for well-known brands: X $9 per bbl, half do, $4.50; XX $10 per bbl, half do, $5; India Ale, $11 per bbl; $5.50 per half bbl. Porter, $10 per bbl. When lengthened casks are allowed for bbls and $2.50 for half do.
ASHES—Trade is quiet and prices are without quotable change; Common Soda Ash, 4@ per cent., 4¾@5c; refined, 6@6¼; Nitrate Soda, 4¾@5c; Pots, 7¾@8c; Pearls, 11@11½; Sal-soda, 1c; Black Salts, 2c.
BAGGING—Penn Mill; two bushel, 37c; two and a half bushel, 42c; three bushel, 53c; Alleghenys, two bushel, 35c.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is quoted at 4½c per lb in bulk, and 5c in sacks.
BEANS—$2.50@3 per bushel.
BROOM CORN—Continues quiet, the demand being restricted to supplying immediate wants, while prices are without quotable change, 4@5c per lb, according to quality.
BUTTER—Under the influence of increased receipts and stocks, accumulating, the market is weaker, and we reduce our quotations on roll to 25@28c for prime to choice—though there are still some small sales of choice being made at 30c.
CARBON OIL—Continues very dull, but there is no quotable change in prices; 25c by the car load; 30c for additional for small lots.
CHEESE—Trade continues very quiet, though not any more so than is usual at this season of the year. Prime Goshen unchanged at 16½@17c, and there is not much inquiry for any other kind. Ohio Sweitzer, 15@16½c.
CANNED GOODS—Peaches, 3 lbs cans, $3.25; 2 lbs, $2.50; Corn, $2.75@3, the outside figure for Winslow's; Tomatos, $2.50.
CIDER—Is quoted, in a jobbing way, at $6 to $7 per bbl, according to quality and size of barrel.
CONCENTRATED LYE—$7.50 per case in good brands, and $8 in a jobbing way.
CHERRIES—Sackett's and Carey's, $1; Wilson & Co.'s, $1.
COTTON GOODS, ETC.—White Carpet Chain, 6c; Colored, 6¾c; Penn Mill No. 1, 4-4, Sheeting, 12c; Nonatook, 12½c; Pittsburgh Family, 12c; Fine, 11½c; Cotton Batting, 18c; Cotton Twine, 25c.
EGGS—Strictly fresh, guaranted as such, may be quoted at 30@35. Limed eggs range all the way from 25@30.
DRESSED HOGS—Quoted at 5@5¼c per lb.
FLOUR—There is a continued good local demand, together with considerable inquiry from the interior, but there is no quotable change in prices; spring wheat, $7.50@8, the outside figure for choice Minnesotas, and $8.50@8.75 for red winter wheat. Some dealers are quoting spring wheat flours up, but buyers will have no difficulty in obtaining all they desire at our quotations. Rye Flour, $5.50.
GRAIN—There is a steady demand for Wheat, and with limited receipts and reduced stocks the market is strong and buyers are picking up all that offers within the range of our quotations: $1.70@1.75 for red, and $1.80@1.85 for amber. Oats scarce and wanted, but unchanged; 34 to 41c for mixed, and 37 to 42c for prime white on spot—it is doubtful whether these prices could be obtained for forward deliveries. Corn is rather better with a steady market in consequence is easier, though former prices are still being realized for spot delivery, 57 to 58 on track, and 59 to 60 free in elevator. It is not expected that these prices will be sustained any length of time—the advance was brought on by a temporary scarcity and that is now over. Rye is still quoted at 85 to 90, buying and selling. Barley is quiet and unchanged, at 80 to 90 for good to prime spring, and 85c to $1 for fall.
GROCERIES—
SUGARS—Crushed, 13¾c; Granulated, 13¾c; Powdered, 13¾c; A Coffee, 12¾c; B, 12¼c; Ex. C, 12¾c; C, 12¼c. Porto Rico, 10¾@11c.
COFFEE—Common Rio, 20c; Fair, 21c; Good, 22c; Prime to choice, 23@24c; Roasted, in lb packages 25c; loose, 24¼c; Java, 25@28c.
SYRUPS—New Orleans, Maryland, 35c; B & E, 50c; Maple Flavor, 65c.
SPICES—Grain Pepper, 24c; Allspice, 20c; Nutmegs, $1.25; Cloves, Ginger, 25.
RICE—Carolina, 8¾@9c; Rangoon, 7¼@8.
MOLASSES—New Orleans, 75@85c.
HAY—The market has been dull for a week or more past, in consequence of an over-supply, and prices within the time named have dropped $1@$2 per ton; we quote baled 25@33 per ton, according to quality and condition.
HOMINY—Is quoted at $3 to 40c per lb.
LARD OIL—No. 1, Extra, 90@95c. No. 2, 60.
HONEY—Selected, with sales at $2.50@3.25 per bbl, according to quality.
MILL FEED—Is quoted at $1.15@1.20 per cwt. Middlings at $1.30@1.50, according to quality. Corn Meal, $1.30@1.35.
MINCE MEAT—Merrill brands Ic.
PELTS—Sheep Pelts, $1.10@1.35.
POTATOES—There is an increased demand and the market is firmer, with prime Peach Blows, on track, at 80 to 82½ per bushel, and in store at 85 to 90.
POULTRY—Live chickens, 4½@5c per pair; dressed, 10@13c per lb; dressed Turkeys, 15@16c; Ducks, 12@14c. Rabbits, 40@45c per pair. Quails, $1.50@1.75 per dozen.
PROVISIONS—Sugar Cured Hams, 14@15c; Sugar Cured Shoulders, 7½c; Pinic Shoulders, 8c; Sides, 9½c; Clear Rib, 8¾c; Clear Sides, 9c; Breakfast Bacon, 12c; Dried Beef, 10c; Mess Pork, $14.50; Hams, 12c; Sausage, 10c. Leaf Lard: in tres, 8¾c; half bbls, 9¼c; pails, 10. Pigs Feet: in half bbls, $4.75 in kegs, $2.40.
RAGS—Quoted at 3¼@3½c.
SEEDS—Flax Seed is quoted at $1.90@1.95, and Clover Seed in fair demand, at $5.00@5.25.
TALLOW—Unchanged at 8@8¼c.
WHISKY—Highwines unchanged at 94@95 cents.
WOOL—The market has been quiet and dull the past week, and we do not expect any business worth noting until after the holidays. We notice by the eastern market's report that prices are somewhat in favor of the trade, and some holders refusing to sell at the current prices. We do not hear of any transactions in the country recently—however, we are told there is no purchase at the prices lately paid, and until the eastern markets show a decided advance, the wool still remaining in grower's hands, will not invite the attention of buyers unless at considerable reduction in price. We quote prices nominal:

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine Fleece | 50@55 |
| Choice Clips | 53@55 |
| Unwashed | 30@33 |

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.
ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS,
MONDAY, Dec. 23, 1872.
The following shows the number of cattle received at these yards, the points at which they were shipped and the name of the shipper:

| | 1 car |
|---|---|
| B. Cockins & Co., Bellaire | 1 " |
| Jas. McCreary, Bellaire | 1 " |
| J. Shepard & Co., Bellaire | 1 " |
| W. Dickson, Bellaire | 1 " |
| S. Fordyce, Bellaire | 1 " |
| J. Miller, Bellaire | 1 " |
| W. Dickson, Bellaire | 1 " |
| W. J. Laughlin, Bellaire | 1 " |
| A. V. Vance, Bridgeport | 1 " |
| J. Miller, Bridgeport | 1 " |
| C. Schumacher, Bridgeport | 1 " |
| S. Duncan, Butler Berry | 1 " |
| E. Katz, Chicago | 1 " |
| M. Varner, Chicago | 2 " |
| S. Kraus, Chicago | 1 " |
| L. Keifer, Chicago | 1 " |
| Keifer & Krause, Chicago | 1 " |
| J. Shanberg, Cecago | 1 " |
| S. S. Wood, Indianapolis | 1 " |
| S. S. Stout, Indianapolis | 1 " |
| Greenwald & K., Crestline | 1 " |
| Graham Bro., Mansfield | 1 " |
| W. Wertz, Canton | 1 " |
| A. J. Lawrence, Gallilee | 1 " |
| Total | 26 " |

HOGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Greenwald & K., Wooster | 1 car |
| W. C. Holler, Mansfield | 1 " |
| Alleghany Pork Co., East Liberty | 10 " |
| J. Rothchild, East Liberty | 2 " |
| Orr, Williams & Co., East Liberty | 1 " |
| Total | 15 " |

The number of cattle on sale to-day although comparatively light, about 700 head, was nevertheless considerably in excess of the demand, which is evidenced by the fact that there were quite a number left over unsold—four or five car loads at least; the quality, considering the number, was fair, and the demand considerably below an average. There was a rather slim turn out of butchers' stock, the greater part coming in part to the cold stormy weather, some of them having bought a two week's supply last Monday, and besides there never do want so many cattle at this particular time, as the great abundance of poultry and game, together with the plentiful supply of vegetables very materially the consumption of beef. Strictly prime butcher's cattle brought last week's prices, although they did not sell as readily, but common and even medium stock opened dull and dragged all the day, and prices exceedingly low; these particular grades, sold as low to-day as at any preceding time this season, notwithstanding the supply, as already intimated, was comparatively light. Of the 700 on sale, 300 were from the west, 7 cars of which were from Chicago, leaving but 300 from the adjoining country; this confirms the statement made in our last report, that the bulk of the good cattle in this section of country have been marketed, and that from this time forward until June or July, we will have to depend on the west for supplies.

In regard to prices, as compared with last Monday about the only change to notice, was, as already stated, in common stock; prime to extra butcher cattle weighing from 1,300 to 1,500 pounds, $5@5¼, and medium to good at 4¾@5c. Common stock sold at all kinds of prices; holde s were nearly all anxious to close out the lot in order to start in this point they were willing in not a few instances to let the buyer fix the price; we heard of very many sheep selling at 3½@4c, and there is no doubt some of the butchers did not go above these figures to-day. Milch cows were very dull, and rule very low; the stags was very dull, and ruled easy from 2½ to 3¼.

Bulls quoted at 1¾@3c. Greenwald & Kahn had an extra lot of cattle, which they were offered and refused on sale. Which they were offered and refused on sale. Fresh cows were also exceedingly dull, the following no doubt preventing buyers from putting in an appearance.

Following is a detailed report of nearly all the leading sales:

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Jacob Neely reports 2 cars of Ohio stock at 4.87 to 5c.

M. Kaus reports 2 cars of Ohio stock at 5½ to 5¾, 1 car left over.

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Greenwald & Kahn, one car Indiana steers, for Stewart, at 4.70 to 4c; 13 head of Ohio and Pennsylvania steers, on their own account, at 4¾@5c—2 left over—one fancy bull unsold.

S. Lowenstine & Co., 35 head of mixed Washington Co. stock at 2½@5¼c.

Carr & McCallister sold one car of Indiana steers, for John Cullen, at 5.00@5.25.

James Hamlin, reports 15 head of Washington Co. stock at 2¼@5c.

M. Varner sold 2 very fine show bullocks, weighing 4,300 lbs, to Theodore Kestner, at 7½; 12 head of good to prime butcher cattle at 5@5¼c.

S. Trauman, 23 head of common to fair Ohio stock at 4½@5¼.

W. Wernz, 10 head of fairish fresh cows at $30 to $50.

R. McCaslin reports 35 head Lawrence county steers at 3½@4c.

Keifer & Beyer report 2 cars prime to extra butcher stock, from Chicago, at 6¼@6¾c.

Jas. McCreary, Bellaire, reports 2 cars at 4@5; 2 bulls at 2¼@5¼; 1 fresh cow—held at $40.

E. Katz reports 1 car prime to extra butcher stock, from Chicago, at 6@6¼c.

P. Sheitmantle, reports 15 head Butler county stock at 4¾@5c.

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Hoover & Co., 19 head stock report 20 mixed Ohio stock, for Bates, at 4@5¾; 4 oxen at 5¼.

L. Rothchilds & Haas, 28 head of Ohio stock at 4¾@5.

Shamberg & Lowenstine, 2 cars of Washington Co. stock, and 1 car from Indiana, at 5c.

S. McCurdy & Bro. sold one car of Ohio stock, for Graham, at 4.75@5.70.

Graham, Wolfe & Co., wholesaled 15 head medium Beaver Co. stock, averaging from 900 to 1,200 lbs, at 4½; 19 head of Ohio stock, from Guernsey and Jefferson counties, at 3¾@6¾.

Sam Duncan wholesaled 14 head Beaver Co. steers to Greenwald & Kahn, averaging about 1,200 lbs, at 4½.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. report 14 head, from Washington Co., at 5@5¼c.

W. Moonshine, 19 head of Ohio stock at 4¾@5¼.

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John F. Neeley, 88 head of mixed Beaver Co. stock at 4¾@5¼, and 10 head of Merinos at 3½.

Hoover & Co. sold 53 sheep over to J. F. Bellesteine at $5.25 per head; 20 to Wm. Neeley at $1.90 per head; 25 at $3.50.

R. McCaslin & Co. 30 good to prime half bred Canada sheep, averaging about 112 lbs, at 4¾c per lb.

P. Sheitmantle sold 36 head extra open wool sheep, averaging 125 lbs, to Rolf. Gray and Geo. Smith at 4¾; 36 extra lambs, averaging 105 lbs, best in the market this year—to Fesh and Slayline at 7¾c.

Adam Eckert reports 50 head of Washington Co. sheep, for Lobman & Zeigler, at $3 to $5 per head.

Isaac Ackerman, 135 head mixed Washington Co. stock at $2.75@5 per head.

J. W. Cunningham, of Lawrence Co., Pa., 40 sheep at $1.50@3.75 per head.

M. Humes reports 59 head mixed Beaver Co. stock at from 4½@5c per lb.

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Were in fair supply and trade was generally reported slow, though prices, as compared with last Monday, were without quotable change, ranging, in a retail way, at from 4 to 4½c gross.

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Oil Barrels still quoted at $2.15 for city make, and $2.10 for country.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA A. V. R. R.
Citizens O'l Co. 48 bbls. to Tack Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.
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Total . . . . . 1261

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

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|---|---|
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| Hutchinson O W, acct. B. S. Duncan | 372 |
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| American O W acct. B. S. Duncan | 74 |
| Hutchinson O W, acct. Hutchinson & B. | 97 |
| Star O W, acct. H McKelvey | 1969 |
| Total | 2964 |

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lucy Furnace, o. | 9 |
| Soho Furnace, o. | 10 |
| McKnight, & Co, o. | 2 |
| Wilson & Co, o | 3 |
| Total | 25 |

PITTSBURGH ST. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. DIVISION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brown & Co, m | 1 |
| Graham & Hm. . | 16 |
| Total | 24 |

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. Smith, m | 1 |
| Total | 1 |

PENN'A. CENTRAL RAILROAD.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. Moorhead, m | 1 |
| Lewis O & P, m | 3 |
| Caughey & H, m. | 8 |
| Total | 15 |

Total . . . . . 55

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| Total | 15 |

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.
New York Financial Market.
NEW YORK, December 23, 1872.
Money was easier at 7 gold to 1-16. Sterling firm and higher; 109¾ for long and 110¼@110¾ for short sight. Gold quiet and firm at 111¼@111¾. Loans from 2 to 7 per cent. for carrying. Clearings $30,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $792,000. Government is strong and a fraction higher. Southern securities dull and neglected. Stocks irregular. Pacific Mail opening weak, Erie feverish, Western Union and Wabash strong, with the remainder of the list dull and steady. During the afternoon the general list was firm and higher. Wabash advanced to 75¾, Rock Island to 112¾, Lake Shore to 96¼, and New York Central to 97¾. The features of the market, however, were Erie, Western Union and Pacific Mail, the two former strong and the latter weak, selling down to 75¾. The market closed steady, with a decline of from ¼ to 1 per cent. from the highest point of the day. The decline in Pacific Mail was occasioned by a report that the steamer Montana, from Panama to San Francisco, was four days overdue. The fact is that the Montana recently left San Francisco for Panama, intending to stop en route at the wreck of the Sacramento, to render assistance if required. There is nothing new regarding the report that the Union Pacific Company are to institute a suit against the Credit Mobilier for eighteen millions.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. S. coupons 1881, 117¾; 5-20s '62, 112¾; do. '64, 112¼; do. '65, 112¾; do. new '65, 115¾; do. 67, 116¼; do. '68, 116¾; new 5s, 111¾; 10-40s, 109¾; currency 6s, 112¾.

BONDS.—Missouri 93¾; Tennessee old 79¾; do. new 80; Virginia new 50; do. old 48; North Carolina old 33¾; do. new 19.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Canton 102; Western Union Telegraph 81¾; Quicksilver 46½; Adams Express 70; Wells, Fargo & Co. 113¾; American Express 67; Pacific Mail 75¾; New York Central 98; Erie 60¾; Harlem 113¾; Michigan Central 111; Northwestern 82; do preferred 86¾; Rock Island 111¾; St. Paul 54¾; do. preferred 77¾; Fort Wabash 74¾; Fort Wayne 94; Chicago & Alton 111; do preferred 112; Ohio & Mississippi 48¾; Burlington & Quincy 114; Lake Shore 95¾; Panama 36¼; Illinois Central 122¾; Union Pacific 37¾; Central Pacific 102¾, Chicago, Hartford & Erie 9¾.

Live Stock.
NEW YORK, December 23.—Owing to the break on the roads cattle did not all arrive to-day; receipts 134 cars at the One Hundredth street, 64 at Communipaw and 35 at Weehawken, total for the week 6,660, against 8,830 the previous week; very few holiday beeves were offered and they sold at 14@15c; prime steers and other common cattle 7¼@10c; trade slow, especially for cattle and prices no better for thin; weather good; dead meats improving; sales: 12 cars Texans, 1,150 lbs, 8½@9c, 55 lbs per cwt; 6 cars good, 6¾ cwt, 1,075 lbs, 7c 8 lbs, 3 cars Illinois, 1,225 lbs, 11c; 6 cars Kentucky, 7¾ cwt, 11¼@13c; 26 fancy Illinois, 10¾ cwt, 14¼@15c; 5 cars fat Ohio 8¾ cwt, 12½@13½c; 4 cars Illinois, 1,225 lbs, 10½c, 56 lbs per cwt, and 3 cars, 1,040 lbs, 10c. Arrivals of sheep today 3,700, one train not arriving—total for the week 14,490, against 22,500 for last week; a fair demand and better prices at 5¼@5¾c per poor; 6¾c for fair, and 7@7½c for prime to extra; a car 103 lb, State selling at 7 5-16c; a car 96 lbs Ohio, at 7¼c; a car 82 lbs Michigan, at 6¾c; a car 88 lbs, at 6c. Hogs to-day 82 cars, 42 cars expected; arriving; total for the week 51,000, against 52,700 last week; western dressed 2,500 arrived for week; market better; city dressed, advancing ¼ or to 5¾@6¾c for heavy; 5¾c for 200 lbs, 5¾c for 180 lb to for 160 lb; 6¾c for pigs; western dressed selling at 5@5¾c; live sold at 4¼@4¾c; 5 cars choice Ohio 195 lbs, at $4.35.

PHILADELPHIA, December 23.—Beeves dull; extra Pennsylvania and Western steers, 8@8¾, 75; fair to good, $6@7.50; common, $4@6. Sheep, fair to good demand. Hogs dull at $5,75@6.25 Sales—2,100 beeves, 9,000 sheep, 4,638 hogs.

New York.
NEW YORK, December 23.—Cotton higher and closing dull; middling upland 20¼c; sales of futures 13,700 bales; December 19¾@19¾c; January 19 7-16@19 9-16c; February 19¾@19¾c; March 20 3-16c; April 20 5-16@20¾c; May 20 13-16@20¾c; June 21c. Flour steady; receipts 16,000 bbls; superfine western and State $5 65@6 25; common to good $6 80@7 05; good to choice $7 10@7 65. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky easier and more doing, at 96¼c. Wheat higher; receipts 30,000 bush; Milwaukee $1 60@1 65; red winter $1 80, amber western $1 85. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn quiet and firmer; receipts 15,000 bush; steamer western mixed, 66c; new mixed, 65@65½c. Oats dull and heavy; new scarce and a shade firmer; receipts, 6,000 bush; mixed western, new, 43½@44½c; white, 48@50c. Eggs dull; western, 33½@34c. Hay firm; shipping $1,15@1,20. Coffee in moderate request; Rio, 19@19c. Sugar steady; fair to good refining, 8¾ to 9c. Molasses 9@9¼c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, 55@68c. Rice quiet at 8@8¾c. Petroleum crude, 11½c; refined, 27@27¼c

# City and Suburban.

**Fruit Cake, Fruit Cake,** Old-fashioned Christmas Doughnuts and Mince Pies for Christmas, at J. R. Hobby's, No. 195 Penn avenue, Library Building.

**Card.**

For the accommodation of our patrons the store will be kept open on Tuesday evening until 9 o'clock, and will not be open on Wednesday afternoon.

WM. SEMPLE.
165, 167 and 169 Federal street
Allegheny.

**Christmas Carols.**

The bells of Trinity Church will announce the hour of the in-coming of our Savior's natal day at precisely 12 o'clock, this night, by playing *Adeste Fidelies* and other Christmas carols. Chrols will also be played before the morning services at 10½ o'clock, to-morrow.

**Accident at the Work-House.**

A prisoner confined in the work-house, through some mishap slipped on Saturday, while at work in the barrel factory, and fell backward upon a circular saw that was in motion. He was pulled off in an instant, but not before he had received a terrible gash in the shoulder, which will disable him for some time to come. The name of the injured man could not be ascertained. He will bring suit against the county, so it is stated, when he is released.

**A Large Sale.**

Mr. A. L. Robinson purchased in this city 13,520 shares of Lehigh Navigation stock at $38 cash per share. We are unable to name the parties in whose interest stock was purchased, but have since learned of one who sold three hundred shares, that the stock was transferred in blank, and he inferred from remarks of Mr. R., and checks given in payment by the gentleman, that he was acting as agent of a prominent railroad in the coal region of this State.

**Runaway Accident.**

Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock a pair of horses attached to a heavy wagon, belonging to a glass-house firm, ran away on Penn avenue. The affrighted animals dashed down the avenue at a fearful pace, until they reached Twelfth street, where the wagon collided with a buggy, in which were seated Dr. D. Cornman and a youthful son, both of whom were thrown violently to ground. In the general wreck which followed, the boy escaped without injury, but the Doctor was quite severely bruised, but not dangerously hurt, although he made a most miraculous escape.

**A Nice Couple.**

John Curtiss and William Kuntz were arrested between two and three o'clock this morning by acting Lieutenant Gibbons and acting Captain Bazen. They had knocked down a simple idiot named "Dad" Brown, who was also arrested as witness. They had hired a rig consisting of a sleigh and two horses, and had driven to beyond Perrysville and back, had got drunk, and at the corner of Diamond alley and Smithfield street, one of the horses dropped from sheer exhaustion. They were cared for at Patterson's Livery Stable adjoining the station. When they got to the station they abused the officers and threatened to whip everybody that came in their way. They were cooled down, however, a little too much muscle. Such men as they serve the strongest punishment the law allows. They will come up before Mayor Blackmore this morning.

**Mortuary Report.**

Dr. J. Guy McCandless, Physician to the Board of Health to the city of Pittsburgh, reports the following as the number of deaths for the week ending December 22, 1872:

Accident, 1; Asthma, 1; Acute Bronchitis, 1; Cancer, 1; Cholera Infantum, 1; Consumption, 6; Convulsions, 2; Congestion of Lungs, 1; Debility, 1; Diarrhœa, 1; Disease of the Heart, 2; Disease of the Liver, 1; Dropsy, 2; Dropsy of the Brain, 1; Dropsy of the Chest, 1; Erysipelas, 1; Catarrhal Fever, 2; Typhoid Fever, 1; Hemorrhage, 1; Inflammation of the Bowels, 1; Inflammation of Lungs, 5; Inflammation of Throat and Pleura, 2; Inflammation of Endocardium, 2; Peritoneum, 1; Inanition, 1; Paralysis, 1; Small-pox, 1; Tetonus, 1; Whooping Cough, 1; Still Births, 2.

Of the above there were under 1 year, 15; 1 to 2, 2 to 5, 2; 5 to 10, 0; 10 to 15, 2; 15 to 20, 3; 20 to 30, 11; 30 to 40, 5; 40 to 50, 5; 50 to 60, 3; 60 to 70, 3; 70 to 80, 2. Males, 34; Females, 20. White, 52; Colored, 3; Total 54.

**Another "Enoch Arden."**

Matthew Dunnigan, full of whisky, sorrow and woe, comes before Squire Moreland and says at some thirteen months ago, before Aldrman Taylor, he was joined in the holy bonds of wedlock to a woman who represented herself as a fellow named Ann Hutchings. That he has discovered to prove a good and faithful husband to her, that he furnished her with all the whisky she could drink, all the tobacco she could smoke, etc. That they have lived together as happy as a pair of clams in salt brine, up to Sunday night last, when one Thomas Hutchings came to his house, represented himself as a sailor, who had been away eighteen months, and that he was then and is now her husband, "which the same he could not un," understand."

Hutchings asked the partner of his former joys if she still loved him, and she said, yea I do and will follow thee to the end of the earth. He told husband number two, to get, and he got. Wandering about the street all night, with nothing to do except to get drunk, he went back yesterday morning, but he was still scorned, and his wife of his bosom disowned him. He now prays the alderman to arrest the deceiver on the charge of bigamy and adultery, and thus leave him once more free, and give her the punishment he thinks she so justly merits. The alderman, with a heart ever ready for the right, issued a warrant, and somewhat assuaged the grief of the wronged Benedick.

**The Holidays.**

To-morrow inaugurates a term, comprising eight days of time, known as the holiday season,—a period of cheerfulness and good cheer, of living and receiving presents, of interchange of kind wishes and generous hospitality. The recognition and observance reaches back to remote times,—the feudal custom making the entire period one of hilarity and feasting. In all parts of Europe it is well observed, the Germans being particularly marked for the social enjoyments they manage to crowd into the fleeting days. We have been slow, as a nation, to take on the social customs of the old world, but gradually we are yielding, and the holiday term is becoming more generally observed from year to year. A glance at our advertising columns will show that full faith is reposed by our tradesmen, in the disposition of the people to enjoy the season of present giving and social good cheer.

It is well, as a people, that we should observe in their proper spirit the few holidays we have. We are active, energetic, and full of business, as a people. The exhilerating atmosphere of this country impels to, rather than retards from, mental effort. We rapidly become nervous and drain our strength, so that on great occasions, when unusual demands are made on our vitality, we suddenly break down. As a corrective to this haste and hurry of business, and reminder of the social relations that may be so delightfully cultivated, these holidays have their use. We hope the older heads among our readers have learned the full enjoyment of the season, and that the interchange of social courtesies and kindly kindnesses will have the effect of healing many a sorrow, and repairing many a feeds and ill-feelings often carefully nursed, because neglected. Especially do we hope for our readers, old and young, that the incoming holiday season will be one of undimmed brightness and enjoyment.

**POLITICAL.**

**The Allegheny Republican City Executive Committee—Adjourned Meeting Last Night.**

Pursuant to adjournment at their last meeting, the New Allegheny City Republican Executive Committee, appointed by the Return Judges, held a meeting last evening, in the City Treasurer's Office. The attendance was not very large,—which was not a remarkable circumstance considering the near approach of Christmas. Hugh McNeil Esq., was called to the chair and R. Oxley officiated as secretary. A discussion of an informal character ensued in relation to political affairs in the city and the plan for the coming campaign, after which it was decided to hold another meeting on the Fourth Monday in January, for the purpose of selecting a permanent organization. The meeting then adjourned.

**POLICE PARAGRAPHS.**

**Brief Mention of Criminal Action.**

The Mayor disposed of forty cases on Monday and Work House cases yesterday.

JACOB MEISE was fined fifty dollars and costs, yesterday, by Deputy Mayor Irwin and Fourth side for selling diseased pork.

J. RYAN was fined five dollars yesterday by Deputy Mayor Irwin, for fast driving on Penn avenue. He was arrested by officer Meldrum.

JOHN SMITH was clouded to the Work House for thirty days yesterday by Deputy Mayor Slusser, for imbibing too freely and then becoming frentious.

PATRICK BOYLE fairly boiled over when Mayor Blackmore sentenced him to the Work House for thirty days for being a suspicious character and having no visible means of support yesterday.

JOHN DAVIS was arrested yesterday morning and brought before Alderman Hoerr of the Fourth Side, charged with disorderly conduct by Messrs Stenger and brother, and also with assault and battery.

PAUL LUDWIG appeared before Alderman McMasters yesterday, and charged Charles Manning with an aggravated assault, in striking him over the head with a coupling pin. They are both brakemen on the Fort Wayne road. A warrant issued.

THE South Common M. E. church, of Allegheny, was entered some time on Friday night by thieves, who pried open the library case, finding nothing but about a dollar in change, which was in one of the drawers. The case was pretty badly used in prying it open.

YESTERDAY morning Mrs. J. Douglass appeared before Mayor Blackmore, and signified his desire of withdrawing from the bond of William Douglass, for $1,000, this half bond for $2,000 was executed November 16th, and was put up for the purpose of enlarging him from prison on the charge of forgery made at that time.

THE story of C. H. Warren, corner of Fourteenth street and Penn avenue, was entered on Saturday night, by some thieves, who broke open the door and helped themselves to what they found. Officers Reed and Hamilton have the matter under investigation, and have a clue to the thieves. They threw the goods found in the house into the street.

# PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

## Special Meeting Yesterday.

**Police Pay Increased—Interesting Discussion—Finishing Up the Business—The Water Commission—Business from the Committees—A Grand Rush to Close Up—Important Proposition in Relation to Street Improvements—The City Attorneyship—Fixing Officers and Salaries—A Large Mass of Interesting Business.**

Pittsburgh Councils held a special meeting yesterday afternoon, December 23, in their chamber, City Building.

*SELECT COUNCIL.*

A. H. GROSS.....President
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk

A quorum being present the Chair announced that the meeting was called under a resolution from the Police Committee, asking for a special meeting to consider business which had been referred to them.

Mr. ZERN moved to take up other business until the report came in from Common Council.

Mr. BURGWIN moved to take up business in regular order. Carried.

The roll of the wards was then proceeded with.

Mr. ZERN presented an ordinance from Wm. Smith & Co., asking privilege to lay a switch siding on Railroad street. Read three times and passed.

ABOUT REPAVING.

Mr. ABL, report of the Street Committee in reference to the repairing of Penn avenue with wooden pavement. The City Solicitor gave an opinion adverse to the proposition, unless the question of repairing is submitted to the Board of Reviewers to determine what district is benefitted, and who should pay the expenses thereof. The Solicitor was of the opinion also, that the Citizens' Passenger Railway could not be taxed for the improvement, and that if the street is repaved, the city will likely have to bear the cost of the same. Nor could they be compelled to keep the new pavement in repair if it cost more than the present style.

Also, the report of the Board of Viewers setting forth that the repaving of Smithfield street with wood pavement is of local benefit and recommending that the property holders abutting on the street be required to pay the cost thereof. The reports were accepted and filed.

THE WATER COMMISSION.

Mr. Lloyd, an ordinance extending the terms of office of the Water Commissioners from the date of their election until the completion of the works.

Mr. RIDDELL objected.

Mr. Shipton asked when the gentleman would consider the works finished—when the last pipe is laid or the works finished.

Mr. Lloyd here withdrew the ordinance for the present.

FINANCIAL.

Mr. RIDDELL offered a resolution directing the Controller to transfer from appropriation No. 12, weigh scales to No. 9, Diamond Market, $142 95. From No. 8, Gas Lightning to No. 15 East End Gas Company, $2 940. From No. 16 City Property to No. 5 Police, $1,529. From No. 16 City Property to No. 7 Streets, $3,457,-27. From No. 18 Finance to No. 23 Surveys, $414 80.

The resolution was passed.

Also, a communication from the Controller, setting forth that Messrs. Park, Painter, B. C. Sawyer and W. R. Nimick, who were elected Commissioners for the improvement of Carson street, are not residents of the city, as required by the act of Assembly. The Controller asked for information as to how he should proceed. The paper was referred to the City Solicitor with instruction to report as to how Councils shall proceed in the matter.

THE BUILDING INSPECTOR.

Mr. LITTELL, an ordinance relating to the duties of the Building Inspector, and requiring that officer to examine and report upon all ordinances for the erection of Wooden Buildings. Passed.

Mr. BURGWIN, resolution for a special Committee, who in conjunction with the City Solicitor shall inquire and report to Councils, such changes and amendments as they may recommend in our system for the location, opening, grading and paving of streets and construction of sewers, with such drafts of acts of Assembly as shall be necessary to carry out their recommendations. Passed, and Messrs. Burgin, Wilson and Chess, appointed in behalf of Select C. C. concurred and Messrs. Negley, Campbell, McConway and E. Jones were appointed.

Mr. E. B. Brown, an ordinance fixing the dividing line of the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth wards, at the centre of Twenty-seventh street. Passed.

THE SIGNAL SERVICE.

Mr. Adams, of the Twenty-fifth ward, petition and resolution requesting the general government to establish signal stations for weather reports at Parker's Landing and other points on the Allegheny river, and Morgantown on the Monongahela river.

Also, a letter from General Negley, pledging himself to urge upon Congress the necessity for the extension of the system to Pittsburgh.

The petition was accepted and the resolution adopted.

ALLEGHENY WHARF MATTERS.

Mr. ASDALE, report of the Allegheny Wharfmaster, setting for the following:

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts to date..... | $2,251 17 |
| Estimated receipts to Feb. 1st..... | 800 00 |
| | $3,651 17 |
| Expenditures to date..... | 1,769 72 |
| Expenditures to Feb. 1st..... | 316 11 |
| | $2,085 72 |
| Leaving as net receipts..... | $967 45. |

The Committee reported in favor of requiring the Wharfmaster to perform the duties of Weighmaster also on the Allegheny wharf, and to pay the receipts of said weigh scales into the treasury. An ordinance for the same was also presented.

Mr. ASDALE stated that the weigh scales were now run at an expense of about $800 per annum, and the ordinance proposed that the Wharfmaster should hereafter perform that labor; for which he should receive an increase of $200 per annum.

It was stated that the Retrenchment and Reform Committee had had the matter under consideration, and the Council entered a desire to hear a report from that committee.

Mr. ASDALE moved to suspend the rules, which was not agreed to, and the ordinance was therefore laid over.

THE CITY SOLICITOR.

Mr. Montooth presented a report recommending the passage of an ordinance requiring the City Solicitor to have an office in the City Building, and fixing the salary at $5,000 per annum. The fees now received by said officer to be paid into the Treasury. The report was accepted and filed. [The ordinance was called up for consideration later in the day, as will be seen below.]

THE CITY CLERK.

The President read the draft of an act of Assembly relating to the duties of the City Clerk, which was prepared at a full meeting of the Ordinance Committee. The act proposes that the City Clerk shall act as clerk to Select Council, as at present, and that the clerk of Common Council shall act as assistant clerk, and shall perform such duties as the City Clerk shall require of him.

Mr. J. H. JONES moved to recommend to the Ordinance Committee for the purpose of having the same printed.

Mr. RIDDELL objected to such reference as the Ordinance Committee had given the matter a careful consideration.

Mr. JONES withdrew his motion and substituted one directing that the act be printed. Agreed to.

THE CITY ATTORNEY.

The ordinance defining the duties and fixing the salary of the City Attorney was now called up.

Mr. SEELY moved that it take the same course as the ordinance relating to the City Clerk, viz., that it be printed and slips furnished the members.

Mr. BURGWIN was in favor of considering the ordinance, as the same objection did not arise.

Mr. SEELY did not object to the salary of the election of an assistant, but he did object to the mode of his election. The Finance Committee elected him, and he did not believe ten men in the Councils knew how he was elected. The Finance Committee nominated the Solicitor and there is no use to fight the matter, because the Finance Committee backed up the nomination. He wanted to have a say in the election of the officer, and therefore would offer a resolution that the Solicitor be elected by a direct vote of the Councils.

The point was made that the act of Assembly directed how the Solicitor should be elected.

Mr. RIDDELL said the Solicitor was to have an assistant, who shall be paid by him, (the Solicitor,) and when that is done and the fees received are paid into the Treasury, the Solicitor's salary will not amount to much over what he now receives. He agreed with Mr. Seely that the mode of the election of the Solicitor ought to be changed.

Mr. SEELY said he thought the officer should be elected by the people, and then the poor man would likely be treated with the same respect as the Chairman of the Finance Committee.

The gentleman withdrew his resolution and was again motion to print the ordinance which carried. Yeas, C. C., after some debate, con-

RAILS.

Mr. Montooth, TRAINS ON CROSSINGS.

tee, also presented from the Ordinance Committee, an ordinance directing that hereafter in the rural ordinance directing that traverse the city at any of the railroads which of cars be run in one to no greater number than five minutes. Violation at less intervals subjects the conductor and engineer to the ordinance fifty dollars, and requires the post to a fine of all trainmen for its violation. to arrest

Mr. J. H. JONES said the books were, the ordinances relating to the subject, which is of dead letter, and he thought the Railroad Committee should consider the whole subject and report an ordinance which shall not become a dead letter.

Mr. RAFFERTY had seen as many as one hundred and fifty wagons waiting to cross at Liberty street, and frequently noticed trains standing on the crossings as long as twenty-five minutes at a time.

Messrs. ATTERBURY, ZERN, ASDALE and others were in favor of the passage of the ordinance, as it was one of the best ever introduced into Councils.

Mr. LLOYD moved that it be referred to the Railroad Committee for consideration.

Mr. RIDDELL did not think the ordinance half stringent enough. The Mayor and Police Committee of long ago have dragged the engineer from the train to the lock up, and he would like to see the head of locomotive. Then and there only will the lives of the citizens be respected. He wanted Councils to determine the streets that should be used. He was opposed to the decrees of the railroads using the streets to suit themselves. They could not be believed for nuisance, for the engineer on a street is a nuisance, and the Mayor has the power to punish them, and he hoped the Committee would report an ordinance that would have the power to punish them, and he hoped the ordinance would be passed.

The ordinance was then laid over.

POLICE PAY.

Mr. Montooth presented the report of the Police Committee, signed by thirteen members. The report was received and filed.

Mr. GAZZAM then moved the passage of the ordinance.

The Chair decided that the ordinance came up as new business. It had been presented and discussed in Councils, and had been referred to the Committee. Coming from them then it came up as new business.

Mr. GAZZAM moved a suspension of the rules. Carried.

Mr. GAZZAM moved the final passage of the ordinance.

Mr. WATSON moved that the Mayor be instructed to purchase the cloth for the uniform and give each man enough for the uniform at cost price, so that the city could control the style and color of the uniform. Amendment accepted.

Mr. NERSON objected to the Ordinance, and read from a list to show that the laboring men in the mills in his ward received generally $1,66 per day. In other places some drivers received $2 per day, which was the highest wages received. He knew they could get as good men as was needed for $2. There was hardly a day that he did not have applicants for the position call upon him.

Mr. BAUM thought the $2.50 was only a living salary. It ought to be $2.00 instead of two and a half.

Mr JOHN MOORE thought it was time Pittsburgh dropped its picayune ideas on this subject, and rose to the level of other cities. It was a poor argument to say that laboring men could get $2.00 per day. For it must be taken into consideration that these men stood out in all weathers, and that they were liable to be shot at any time by rowdies. He thought they well deserved the increase.

Mr. MCCANDLESS desired to have every city employee properly paid, but not extravagantly. There were hundreds of men who would not accept the position of policeman at the present wages. It seemed like a small matter; it might be called "picayune;" but it was not so in the aggregate. By simply adding twenty-five cents per day, the appropriation for the police would be from twenty to twenty-five thousand dollars more. He, however, preferred, as if at $2 25 is an amendment, fixing the wages that the salary of $2 50, with the provision that their portion be improved at once.

Mr. DUFF said their own uniforms.

any one of them Councils to act precisely as own employes. It did not in reference to their conduct before he could must have some experience. And it was a question whether a good policeman. Keep the price so low Councils would could be induced to leave what was offered a good man

Mr. [illegible] thought it would be cheaper to pay the extra $2.50 than to go to Philadelphia for policemen. He did not believe the [illegible] good men for $2.00 a day. [illegible] expected to witness which work [illegible] but if good men were to be had [illegible] better to pay $2.50 than $2.00. [illegible] and then good men might be had [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] spoke a word for the South side. They had plenty of police now from that district but the price ought to be raised. If the wages were fixed at $2,50 per day good men could be had and if not they would have to take just what they could get. He believed in paying good wages and getting good men.

Mr. CAMPBELL said [illegible] difference only [illegible] $2,000.

Mr. MCCANDLESS [illegible] upon the sidewalk, the railroad train would not long be allowed to obstruct the streets. He therefore offered an amendment that the Mayor be directed to place at each railroad crossing a policeman, whose special duty it shall be to see that the provisions of the ordinance shall be strictly enforced. The ordinance, with the amendment, was sent to the Railroad Committee, with instruction to consult the City Attorney, and report at next meeting.

THE CITY ENGINEERS.

Mr. MONTOOTH also offered an ordinance from the Ordinance Committee, fixing the term of office of the City Engineer at three years.

Mr. RAFFERTY moved an amendment that the terms of offices of the Street Commissioners be fixed at three years, as they work in connection with the City Engineer. He also asked that the Superintendent of the Water Works be elected for three years.

The Chair decided that the amendment was not germain to the subject, as the law requires that ordinances shall contain but one title.

Mr. MCILRE moved that the ordinance be printed. Agreed.

THE ROAD DEPARTMENT.

Mr. E. JONES, report of viewers on the opening of Ellers street from Robinson to Alequeppa street. Approved.

Also, similar report on the opening of Maitland avenue. Approved.

Also, an ordinance grading and paving of Grove street from Centre avenue to Rose street. Passed.

Also, an ordinance for the grading of Sylvan avenue from Mars street to the Four Mile Run road. Passed.

Also, an ordinance opening Bayard street from Amberson avenue to Bedlefield street. Passed.

FIXING SALARIES.

Mr. E. P. JONES offered an ordinance fixing the salary of the City Engineer at $4,000 per annum, a like amount as is now paid the Engineers of the Water Commission.

Mr. SIMPTON said when the salary was increased to $3,500, it was stated that the fees received from lot regulating would more than compensate for the salary. This had not proven true. He was opposed to increasing their salary.

The rules were suspended and the ordinance passed to a third reading.

Mr. E. P. JONES also offered an ordinance fixing the salaries of the Road Commissioners at $1,000 per annum. Passed.

WATER WORKS SUPERINTENDENT.

Mr. ARMENT asked leave to present the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That the office of Superintendent of Water Works be extended to three years instead of one, and that the salary of the office be regulated by Councils. Referred to Ordinance with instructions to report an ordinance.

COMMON COUNCIL BUSINESS.

The following business passed in C. C. was called up:

Ordinance increasing the pay of members of the police force to $2,50 per day, the officers being required to provide their own uniforms. Concurred in.

Ordinance increasing the salary of the members of the fire department $15 per month, the firemen to provide their own uniforms.

Mr. ADAMS called up the ordinance repealing the ordinance dividing the seventeenth ward, and moved that Select Council concur. Agreed to.

Mr. JEREMY, a resolution "repealing" the Act of Assembly which prescribes the mode of election of the City Solicitor. The resolution was lost.

Council then adjourned.

*COMMON COUNCIL.*

H. W. OLIVER.....President.
H. MCMASTER.....Clerk.

President OLIVER called this branch to order at fifteen minutes past two o'clock.

MEMBERS PRESENT.

Messrs. Arthurs, Arnhold, Arensberg, Barker, Baum, Beymer, Bindley, Boyd, Brasher, Cameron, Campbell, Carroll, Darlington, Duff, D. L. Fleming, John Fleming, Follansbee, Foley, Frauens, Fulton, Gallnsih, Gazzam, Hare, Hauch, Hays, Hauch, Jones, Johns, Wm. Kerr, Jas. W. Kerr, Kohne, Koverman, Lee, Liebler, Mattern, Meyer, Jno. Moore, Morgan, McCandless, McGimpsey, Maples, Neeson, Negley, Oberheidman, Pender, Price, Rahauser, Ramsey, Rolfe, Rush, Semple, Sims, Sneathen, Spreyer, Trautman, Verner, Watson, West, Wilbert, Williams, Woolslayer, Young, Oliver—54.

So the amendment was voted down.

The following petitions were presented and referred:

Mr. BAUM, by request, a petition for the appointment of a committee of five—three from Common and two from Select—to fix the number of members of the committees for the year 1873. Committee not named.

Mr. GAZZAM then offered an ordinance providing that there should be no change in the Board of Water Commission, as at present constituted, until the completion of the Water Works, unless a vacancy be made by resignation, death or removal for cause.

Council refused to suspend the rules, and the ordinance was laid over.

Mr. CAMPBELL called up the report of the Conference Committee in reference to Twenty-ninth street. The committee reported in favor of passing the ordinance making the grade a uniform fall of ten inches to the foot. The ordinance was passed finally under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. BINDLEY, petition for gas lamp. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. KERR, bill of Henry Wilson for $10 for room for holding elections. Warrant issued.

THAT PAINTING.

Mr. JOHNS, from the Special Committee appointed in reference to the purchase of the painting, "Pittsburgh in Defeat," reported that it was eminently desirable that the work of art should adorn the Reception Hall, but that in the present condition of the treasury, the Committee thought it impolitic for the city to make the purchase. It was to be hoped, however, that private enterprise would secure the picture for the city. Report received and filed.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.

Mr. NEGLEY presented the report of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, which was received and filed. Business accompanying was disposed of as noted. Draft of an act of Assembly giving authority to the clerk of Select Council to administer oaths and affidavits. Approved. The committee reported they had referred the resolution in reference to the failure of the Gas Committee to provide gas for the city recently to the City Solicitor for his opinion; they therefore reported a resolution authorizing the Mayor to issue subpœnas for persons and papers in case it was necessary in the matter. Resolution passed. The committee further reported in favor of consolidating the offices of Allegheny and Monongahela Wharfmasters, at a fixing the salary at $1,200.

Mr. LIEBLER said an ordinance was presented in Select Council, to consolidate the offices of Allegheny wharfmaster with that of City weighmaster. After some discussion the ordinance as reported by the Committee was passed finally under a suspension of rules.

Mr. JOHN MOORE presented a petition from property owners on Colvin street asking for extension of time for laying assessments for grading and paving. Referred to Street Committee. Also, petition for Mrs. H. B. Fritt for privilege to erect iron clad kitchen to her house, in Seventeenth ward. Referred to Wooden Building Committee.

Business from Common Council was then taken up and concurrences had in all business not otherwise noted.

Adjourned.

**"Map of Matrimony,** on Mercerator's Projection, showing to timid lovers the orbit of affection, to the true haven of conjugal happiness, or the second expedition of the vessel Pinta."

These are the mystical titles of a curious map or diagram, otherwise a puzzle, of which a copy has been sent us. It is shortly to be offered for sale in these cities in aid of a fund for the relief of widows and orphans, made such by the Communists during the siege of Paris, and now in extremely necessitous circumstances.

The interesting nature of the map, as well as the respectable character and sore necessities of those in whose behalf it has been devised and will be sold, are vouched for by an American lady well known to us, as of the first respectability, who was an eye witness of the tragedies of the siege and certifies of her own knowledge to the genuineness and extent of the suffering which she hopes will derive some relief from the sale in American cities of this ingenious map or puzzle which we have not yet been able to resolve.

We commend it to a large sale on the authority of its estimable lady patron, who, we hope, will some day assist us to elucidate its ambiguities.

**German Favors,** Costume Mottoes, Flags, Cornets, fancy boxes and toys, in great variety, at Hubley's, Library Building.

**Presents at Low Prices.**

To give buyers of holiday goods and presents some idea of what a limited amount of money will purchase, we give below some admirable and elegant goods and their prices. Messrs. Rosenbaum & Fleishman, of 76 Market street, have received from the East a large and varied assortment of goods suitable for presents, and they are disposing of them at prices within the reach of everybody. Below will be found a table of prices that are really astonishing:

Initial Handkerchiefs, 12c, 25c.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 20c, 25c.
Lace Handkerchiefs, 25c, 50c.
Real Lace Collars, 50c.
Real Point Lace Collars, $2.
Splendid Kid Gloves, $1, $1 25.
Two-button Kid Gloves, $1, $1 25, $1 50.
Heavy Roman Silk Scarfs, 50c.
Brocche Scarfs, 25c, 38c, 50c.
Ruffers, 25c, 38c, 50c.
Heavy Felt Skirts, $2.
Fine French Corsets, 75c, $1, $1 25.

**Mince Meat,** home-made, in stone jars, for family use, at J. B. Hubley's, No. 195 Penn avenue.

**Now is the time** to purchase a good and cheap instrument at the new Allegheny music house. C. RETTER,
8M,T No. 127 Federal street.

**The World does not Contain** a medicinal preparation which has obtained more widespread and deserved popularity than the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Since its introduction to public notice more than twenty years ago, it has been constantly used for every kind of disease or injury to man or beast which can be effected by a local application, and so far as its proprietors are aware, it has not failed in a single instance. After so long and successful a term of probation, who will have the hardihood to deny its pre-eminent claims to popular esteem. TTHS:S.

**Malaga Grapes,** Havana Oranges, Layer Figs and Layer Raisins, at Jacob B. Hubley & Co.'s, 195 Penn street.

**Hats for the Holidays.**

The most popular of all gifts between jovial friends is a nice new hat or cap such as may be had from the assortment on hand—selected for the holidays—at Pratt's, 107 Federal street, Allegheny. It is worth while to drop into Pratt's and take a peep at the styles whether the visit is made for a purchase or not. The stock is one from which a selection may be made of almost any kind, at any price, and any style, while the prices will be found most reasonable. Make your purchases of presentation hats or caps at the Allegheny Hat House of Mr. Henry Pratt, 107 Federal street.

**Holiday Goods.**

The usual large and rich assortment of goods suitable for presents, in Bohemian, Parian, Bronze, Marble, Silver plated Glass and China Ware will be found at 100 Wood street.
TTH R. E. BREED & Co.

**Fine Confectionery,** Chocolate Cream, Chocolate Jim Crows, Vanilla, Rose, Cocoanut and Chocolate Cream Carmels, at Hubley's, Penn avenue.

**Artificial Ear Drums,** for restoring the hearing. A great success. By one who was deaf for 20 years. By mail for $5 per pair. Send stamp for particulars to Jno. Garmore, Madison, Ind. D&W.

**I Know That My Redeemer Liveth,** Sung by Miss Kellogg at the funeral services of the late Horace Greeley, and other fine and sweet songs, at the new Allegheny Music House.
CARL RETTER,
127 Federal street.

**Don't Fail**

To go to the closing out sale of winter clothing at Big 13, Sixth street.

**The New Allegheny Music House,** 127 Federal street, is the best place to get a good and cheap Piano or Organ or any kind of

Carl Retter,
No. 127 Federal street.

# THE COURTS.

## Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE STOWE.

In the two cases of the Commonwealth vs. James Cox, Thomas McGarvey and William Henry, reported on Friday, the two first named were found guilty of the charge of receiving stolen goods and Henry was found not guilty.

Com. vs. Wm. Milner. Indicted for larceny. The defendant plead *nolle contendre*.

Com. vs. Wm. Henry, charged with committing assault and battery on the person of Mary E. Hoak. The defendant plead *nolle contendre*.

Com. vs. Wm. Henry, charged with entering a building with intent to commit a felony. The defendant plead *nolle contendre*.

Com. vs. Peter Hartman, charged with larceny. Defendant plead guilty.

Com. vs. Aaron Broad, charged with the larceny of an overcoat. Not guilty.

Com. vs. Ansel Johnson, indicted on the charges of larceny and embezzlement. The defendant was in the employ of the Pittsburgh and Ormsby Passenger Railway Company, and it was alleged that he appropriated to his own use sums of money at various times, and embezzled it, the defendant receiving it by virtue of the employment in which he was engaged. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and recommended the accused to the extreme mercy of the Court.

Com. vs. Charles Henry, charged with receiving stolen goods. Not guilty.

Com. vs. Charles Henry and William Maxwell, charged with receiving stolen goods. Jury out.

Com. vs. Kate Rane, charged with felonious assault and battery by officer John D. McChesney. On trial.

Frank Gallagher and Cyrus Coulter, charged with the larceny of scrap iron from the Chicago and Fort Wayne Railroad, and also with receiving stolen goods, plead guilty to both charges. Remanded for sentence.

Com. vs. Joseph Robinson, colored, with assault and battery with intent to commit a rape upon a six year old child of Mrs. Henry. Jury out.

*Trial List for To-day.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Commonwealth vs.: | |
| Lizzie Kelly, | Kate Raney, |
| Frank Walls, (2), | Thomas Powers, (2), |
| John Adley, | Joseph Reice, |
| M. Osrarg, | Gabriel Kelley, |
| Wm. Cook, | David Kerr, et al., |
| David Strain, | Joseph King, |
| Marg. Gilgallin, | Jacob Miller, |
| Wm. Shaw, | Andrew Keller. |

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

Chas. C. Atkinson, of Pittsburgh, filed a petition for the adjudication of himself in bankruptcy. Referred to Register Harper.

D. Sicker & Co., of Erie, against whom a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy was filed by Ellis & Herrop, of Philadelphia, having denied the alleged acts of bankruptcy and demanded a jury trial, the trial was ordered for the next January term, at Erie.

In the case of Ira P. Burke, et al., against the ship Mary Emeline and cargo, the Court appointed Benjamin Grant Esq., of Erie, commissioner to hear the parties, report the amounts due and the proper distribution of the money made.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE COLLIER.

The case of Wm. Lindsay vs. T. W. Lindsay et al., is still on trial.

**Philadelphia Rolls,** French bread, Twists, Home-made bread, Rolls, Tea Buns, and Cinnamon Coffee Cake, at J. B. Hubley's, No. 195 Penn street.

**Get a Good One.**

In selecting a present for the holidays, care of course should be exercised to procure nothing but an article, which whether large or small is first-class in its line. If one of the articles to be made to sewing machines, the instrument for the purchaser is the celebrated light running Domestic, which is the family sewing machine. The Domestic does all kinds of work more satisfactorily with less skill and continues working with less care than any other. Just what a sewing machine should be to used by everybody.

It supersedes others because it surpasses them in the everyday service it renders, both in the workshop and family; and because it is equally useful for very fine and very heavy work. A few days trial free. Call at the Office, 24 Sixth street.

**No Damaged Goods**

Sold at Big 13 Sixth street. Closing out sale of a large stock of home made clothing.

**Notice for the Holidays.**

For the convenience and accommodation of persons who cannot get to the city during the day to examine and select their pianos and organs for holiday presents, the undersigned would respectfully announce that their salesrooms will be open until 9 P. M. from this date until January 1st. We would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock, whether you wish to purchase or not. We think it no trouble to show our goods, and should you feel disposed to secure any instrument you can rent, or purchase that if a No. 1 instrument at extreme low prices and the easiest possible terms will suit you, we can confidently assert that no house in the city can suit you so well as

S. HAMILTON & Co.,
de21-4t 51 Fifth avenue.

**Every one using a Weed** will tell you it is the best Sewing Machine in use, and a call will satisfy you that this is the case. 116 Market street.

**Christmas Suits for Boys.**

To all who want fashionable and well-made suits for boys for Christmas presents, we would say call and examine the immense stock on hand at the Allegheny establishment of Messrs. Henry Baumeyer Bro. & Co., 143 Federal street. There is in store also at the same house, an immense assortment of gents' furnishing goods, business suits, and clothing to customers orders. The prices are so low that no one can grumble.

**At Fifty Per Cent. on the Dollar,** All winter clothing at Big 13, Sixth street.

**Ten dollars** in advance and monthly payments, soon secures you a Weed Sewing Machine, and you do not notice the outlay. 116 Market street.

**A Valuable Medical Treatise.**

The edition for 1873 of the sterling medical annual known as Hostetter's Almanac is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States and British America, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for about one-fifth of a century. It combines with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1873 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

## DIED.

WHITEHEAD—On Sunday noon, December 22d, 1872, MARY GREY, daughter of John Grey, Esq., manager of Hussey & Co.'s Copper Works, and wife of C. Whitehead, after a short illness, in the twenty-ninth year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No. 241 Fifth avenue, corner of Pride street, THIS AFTERNOON, December 24th, at 2 o'clock P. M. Services at St. Peter's Church, corner Grant and Diamond streets, at 2½ o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MATTHEWS—On Sunday morning, December 22, 1872, Mrs. MINERVA MATTHEWS, in the seventy-third year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Smallman street, near Thirtieth street, THIS AFTERNOON, December 24th, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend.

ROBISON—On Monday morning, December 23d, 1872, Mrs. SUSAN ROBISON, wife of hev. James Robison, at the residence of her son-in-law, G. W. Fogue.

Funeral services at the Methodist Church in Elderville TO-DAY, at 11 o'clock A. M.

BLACKBURN—On Sunday evening, at 6¼ o'clock, JOSEPHINE M., widow of William M. Blackburn, Esq., in the 59th year of her age.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY, December 24, at 11 o'clock, from the residence of her father-in-law, Dr. O. H. P. Blackburn, Six Mile Ferry. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave the corner of Third avenue and Smithfield street at 9:30 A. M.

GREENOUGH—On Sunday, December 22d, 1872, at 9 o'clock P.